

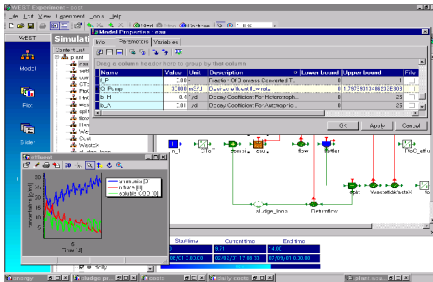
Promises and Challenges of Model-Based Design

Hans Vangheluwe

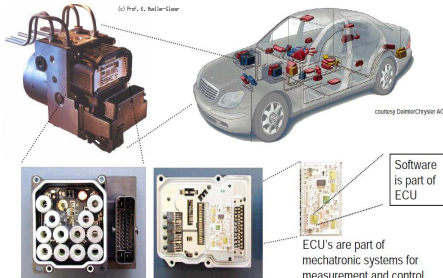


17 April 2011

CAMPaM workshop, Bellairs Research Institute, Barbados



Google



Dealing with Complexity

Dealing with Complexity

Model Everything . . . Explicitly

Dealing with Complexity

Model Everything . . . Explicitly
for **design** (Engineering) and **analysis** (Science)

Dealing with Complexity

Model Everything . . . Explicitly
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The spectrum of uses of models

- Documentation

Dealing with Complexity

Model Everything . . . Explicitly
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The spectrum of uses of models

- Documentation
- Formal Verification of Properties
(all models, all behaviours)

Dealing with Complexity

Model Everything . . . Explicitly
for **design** (Engineering) and **analysis** (Science)

The spectrum of uses of models

- Documentation
- Formal Verification of Properties
(all models, all behaviours)
- Model Checking of Properties
(one model, all behaviours)

Dealing with Complexity

Model Everything . . . Explicitly
for **design** (Engineering) and **analysis** (Science)

The spectrum of uses of models

- Documentation
- Formal Verification of Properties
(all models, all behaviours)
- Model Checking of Properties
(one model, all behaviours)
- Test Generation

Dealing with Complexity

Model Everything . . . Explicitly
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The spectrum of uses of models

- Documentation
- Formal Verification of Properties
(all models, all behaviours)
- Model Checking of Properties
(one model, all behaviours)
- Test Generation
- Simulation (one model, one behaviour)
. . . calibration, optimization, . . .

Dealing with Complexity

Model Everything . . . Explicitly
for **design** (Engineering) and **analysis** (Science)

The spectrum of uses of models

- Documentation
- Formal Verification of Properties
(all models, all behaviours)
- Model Checking of Properties
(one model, all behaviours)
- Test Generation
- Simulation (one model, one behaviour)
. . . calibration, optimization, . . .
- Application Synthesis (mostly for models of software)

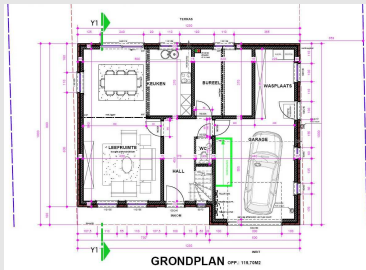
Requirements (“What?”)

- Detached or Semi-detached
- Style (classical, modern, ...)
- Number of Floors
- Number of rooms of different types (bedrooms, bathrooms, ...)
- Garage, Storage, ...
- Cellar
- ...

Requirements (“What?”)

- Detached or Semi-detached
- Style (classical, modern, ...)
- Number of Floors
- Number of rooms of different types (bedrooms, bathrooms, ...)
- Garage, Storage, ...
- Cellar
- ...

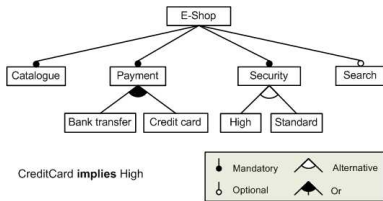
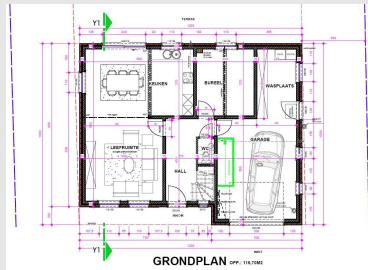
Design (“How?”)



Requirements ("What?")

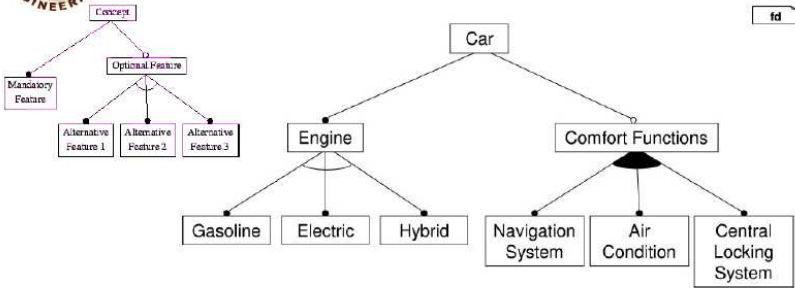
- Detached or Semi-detached
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- Garage, Storage, ...
- Cellar
- ...

Design ("How?")



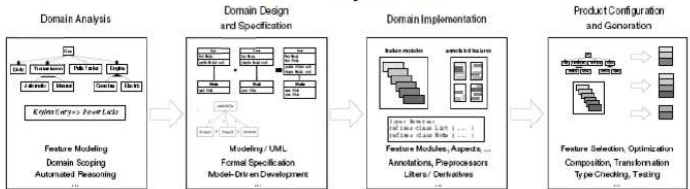


Feature Diagrams and Product Families



fd

basis for synthesis

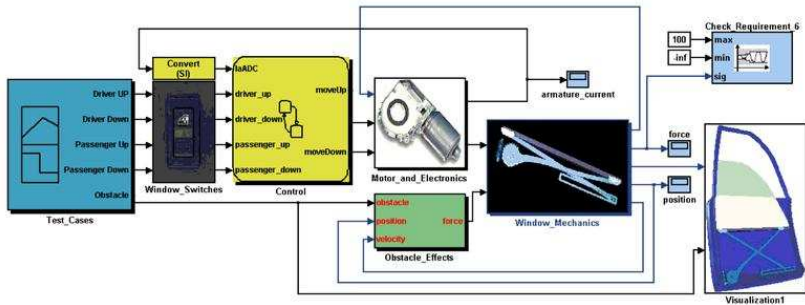


System Boundaries

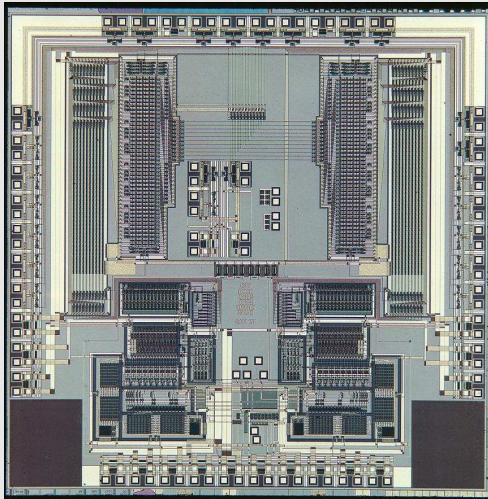
- **System** to be built/studied
- **Environment** with which the system interacts



System vs. "Plant"



Number of Components – hierarchical (de-)composition



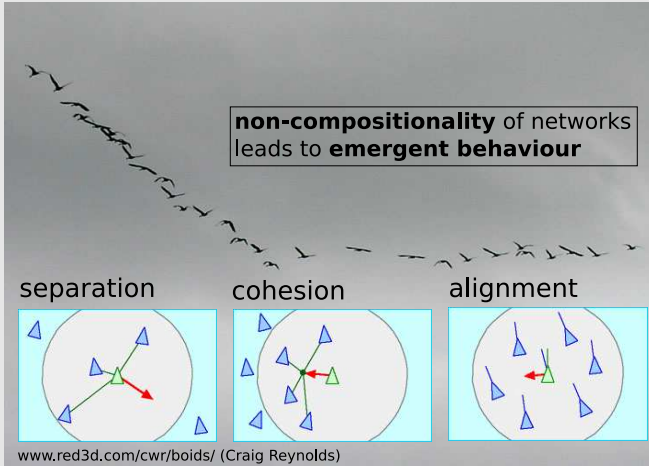
Crowds: diversity, interaction



Diversity of Components: Power Window

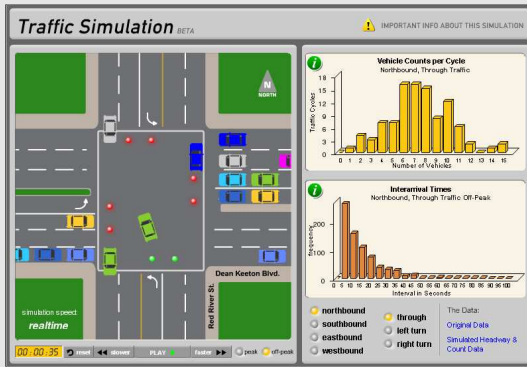


Non-compositional/Emergent Behaviour



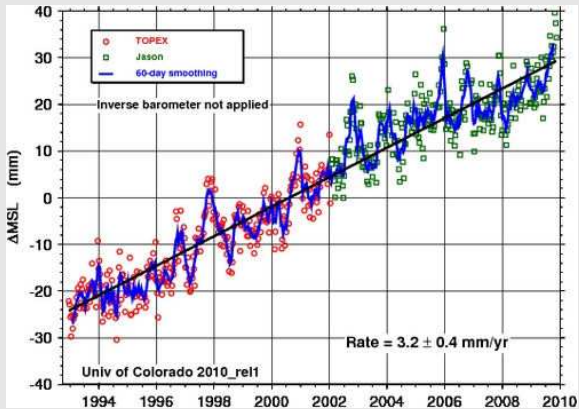
Uncertainty

Often related to level of abstraction:
for example continuous vs. discrete

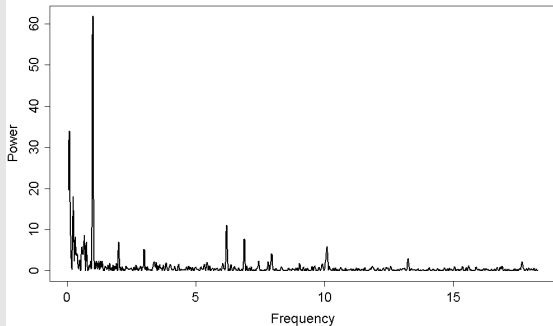


www.engr.utexas.edu/trafficSims/

Question: is the deviation from the trend periodic?



Answer: transform to make the solution obvious

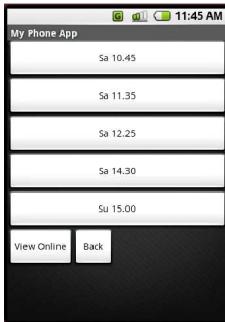


Guiding principle (~ physics: principle of minimal action)

minimize accidental complexity,
only essential complexity remains

Fred P. Brooks. No Silver Bullet – Essence and Accident in Software Engineering.
Proceedings of the IFIP Tenth World Computing Conference, pp. 1069–1076, 1986.

<http://www.lips.utexas.edu/ee382c-15005/Readings/Readings1/05-Broo87.pdf>



```
package android.app;
import android.app.Activity;
import android.content.Intent;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.view.ViewGroup;
import android.view.View.OnClickListener;
import android.view.View.OnClickListener;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.TextView;
import java.util.ArrayList;

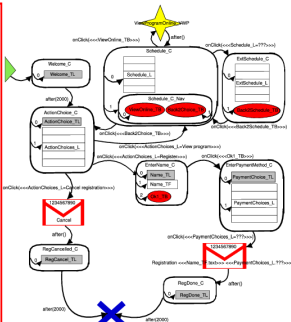
public class ShowApp extends Activity {
    private ArrayList<String> mEntries = new ArrayList<String>();
    private TextView mText;
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        mText = findViewById(R.id.textView);
        mText.setText("Hello World");
    }

    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        mText = findViewById(R.id.textView);
        mText.setText("Hello World");
    }

    //NOTE: using this method causes a crash when the application exits
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        mText = findViewById(R.id.textView);
        mText.setText("Hello World");
    }

    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        mText = findViewById(R.id.textView);
        mText.setText("Hello World");
    }

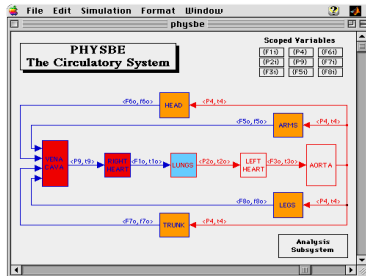
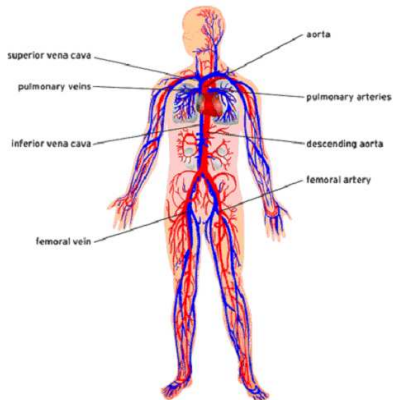
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        mText = findViewById(R.id.textView);
        mText.setText("Hello World");
    }
}
```

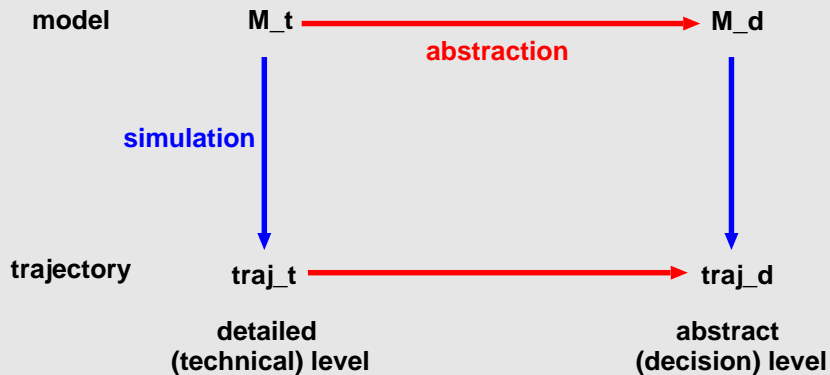


Dealing with Complexity: some approaches

- multiple abstraction levels
- optimal formalism
- multiple formalisms
- multiple views

Different Abstraction Levels – properties preserved

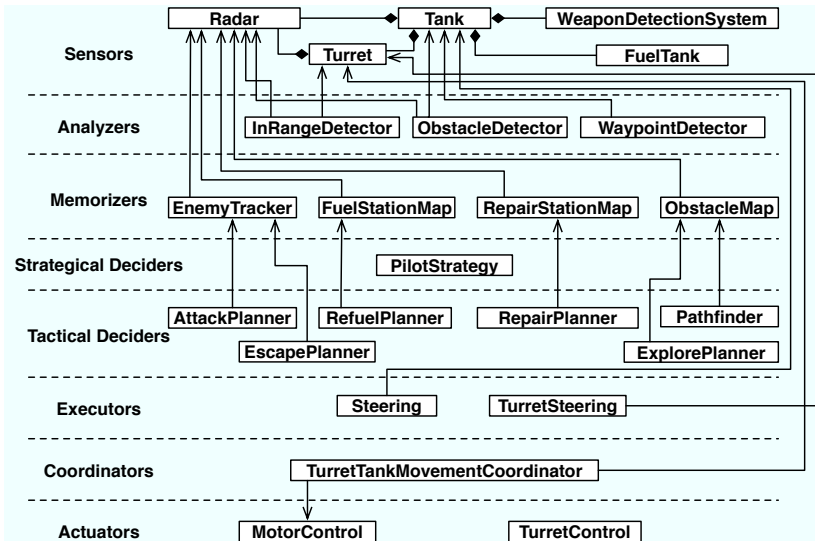


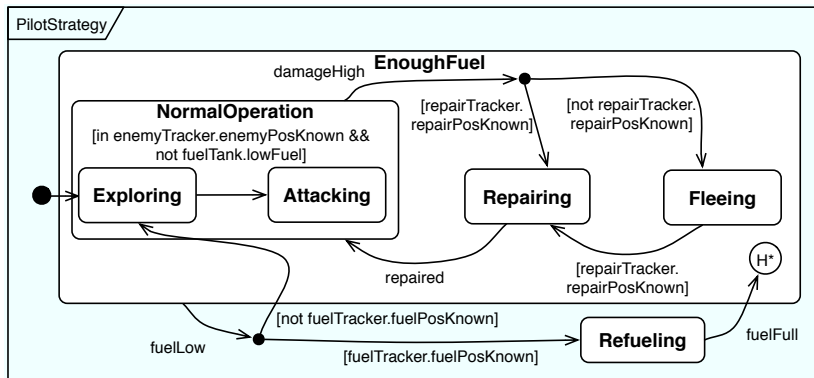
Levels of Abstraction/Views: Morphism

Most Appropriate Formalism (Minimizing Accidental Complexity)

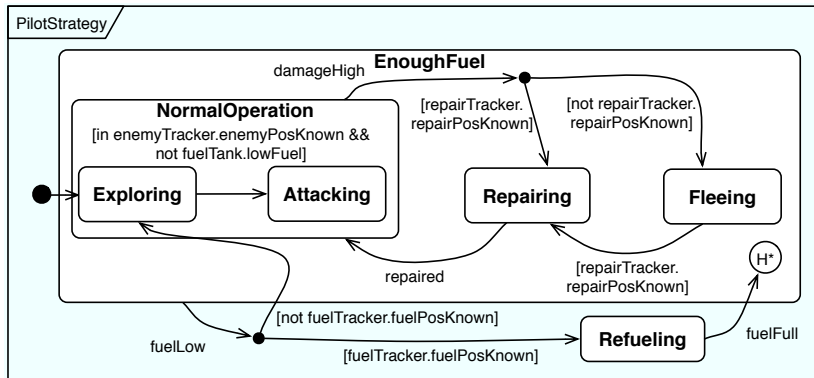


www.planeshift.it
Massively Multiplayer Online Role Playing games
need Non-Player Characters (NPCs)





Jörg Kienzle, Alexandre Denault, Hans Vangheluwe. Model-Based Design of Computer-Controlled Game Character Behavior. MoDELS 2007: 650-665

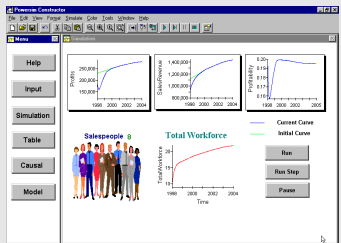
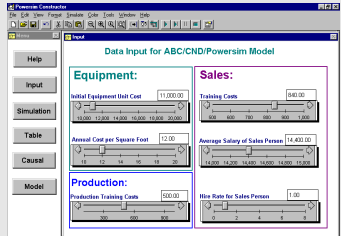
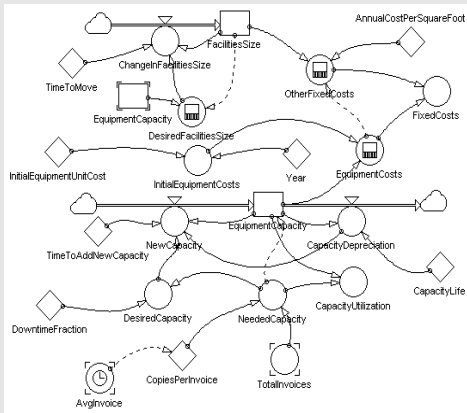


Jörg Kienzle, Alexandre Denault, Hans Vangheluwe. Model-Based Design of Computer-Controlled Game Character Behavior. MoDELS 2007: 650-665

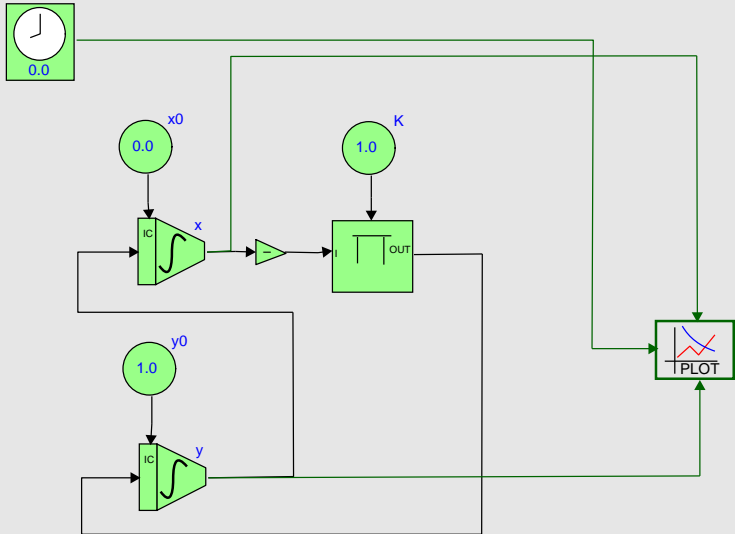
Could have used production rules instead of Statecharts

Eugene Syriani, Hans Vangheluwe: Programmed Graph Rewriting with DEVS. AGTIVE 2007: 136-151

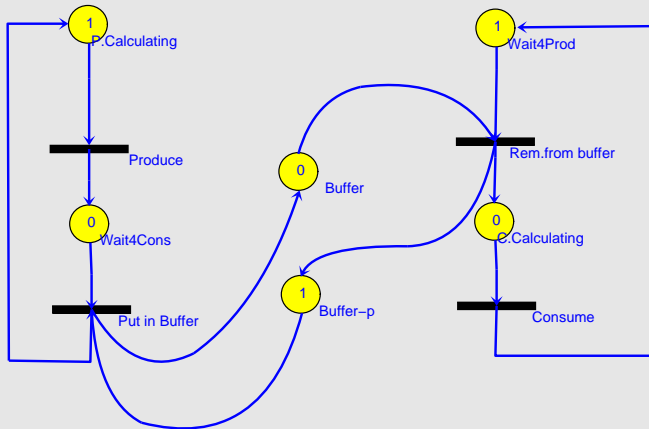
“Management Flight Simulator” using Forrester System Dynamics model



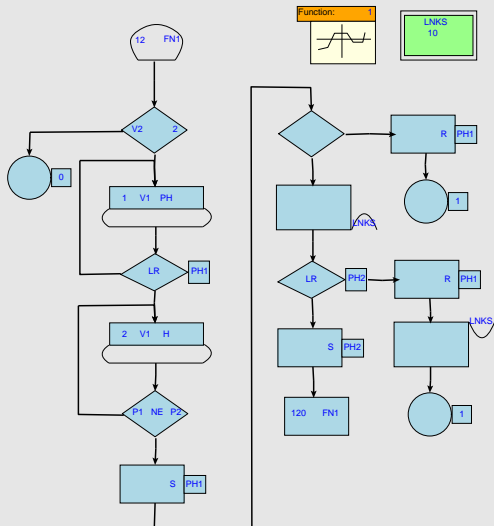
Causal Block Diagram model of Harmonic Oscillator



Petri Net model of Producer – Consumer



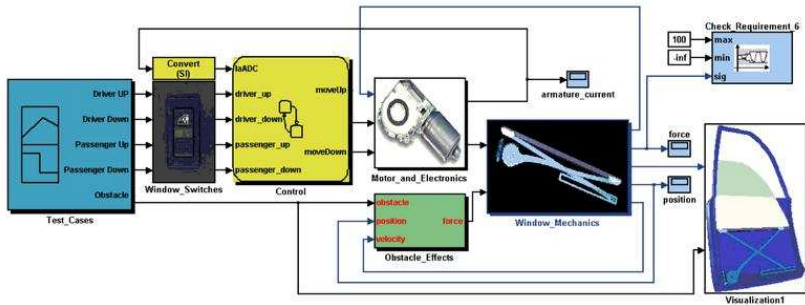
GPSS model of Telephone Exchange



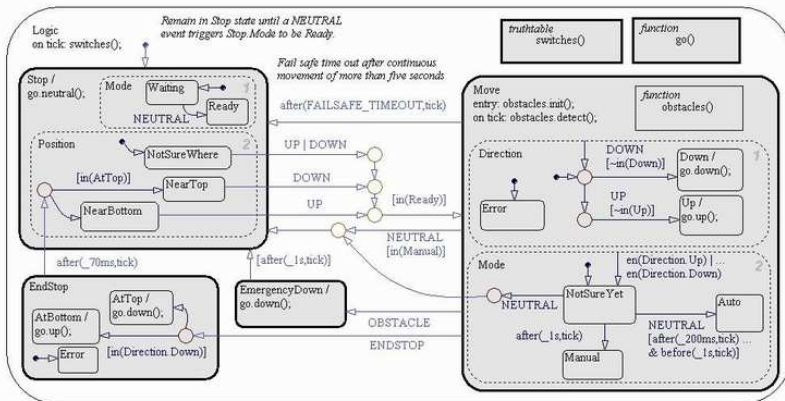
Multiple Formalisms: Power Window



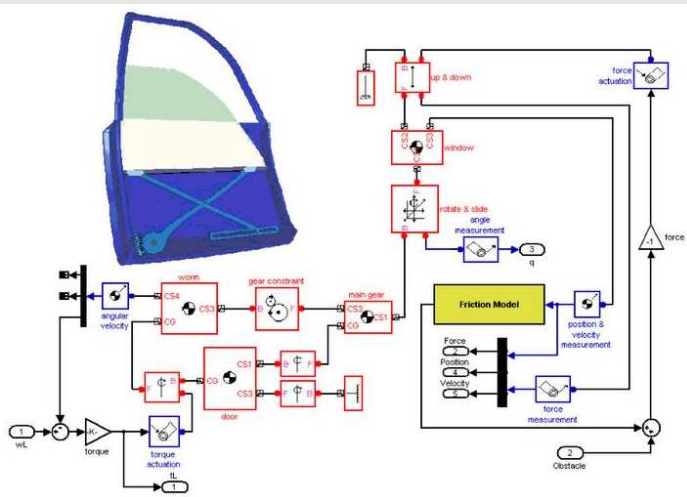
Components in Different Formalisms



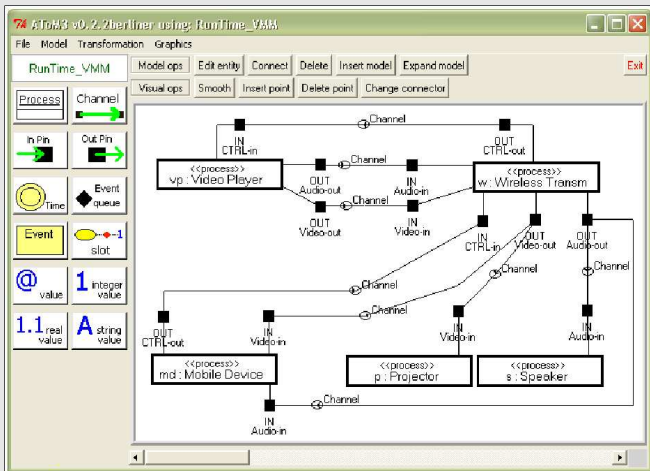
Controller, using Statechart(StateFlow) formalism



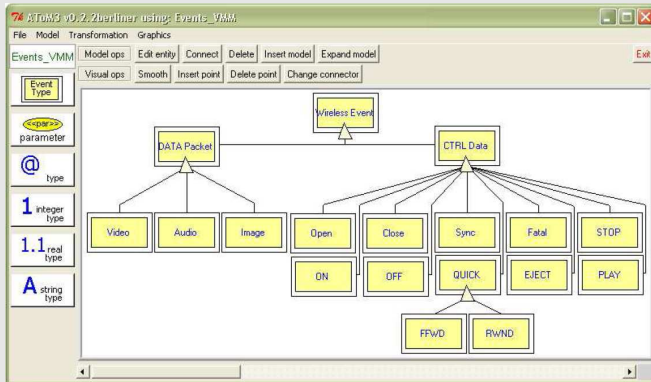
Mechanics subsystem



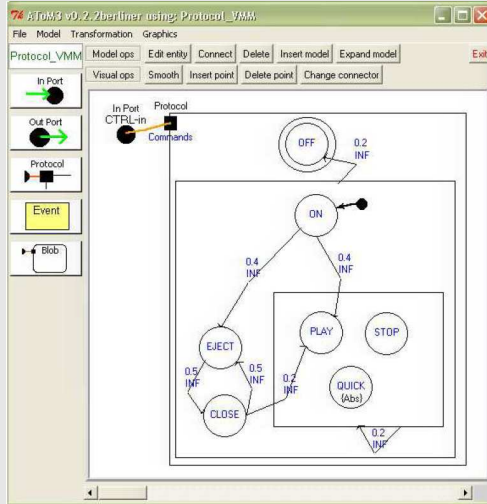
Multiple (consistent !) Views (in \neq Formalisms)



View: Events Diagram



View: Protocol Statechart



No Free Lunch!

Solutions often introduce
their **own accidental complexity**

- multiple abstraction levels (need **morphism**)
- optimal formalism (need **precise meaning**)
- multiple formalisms (need **relationship**)
- multiple views (need **consistency**)



Multi-Paradigm Modelling (*model everything, minimize accidental complexity*)

- at the most appropriate **level of abstraction**
- using the most appropriate **formalism(s)**
Class Diagrams, Differential Algebraic Equations, Petri Nets, Bond Graphs, Statecharts, CSP, Queueing Networks, Sequence Diagrams, Lustre/Esterel, . . .
- with **transformations** as first-class models

Pieter J. Mosterman and Hans Vangheluwe.

Computer Automated Multi-Paradigm Modeling: An Introduction. *Simulation* 80(9):433–450, September 2004.

Special Issue: Grand Challenges for Modeling and Simulation.

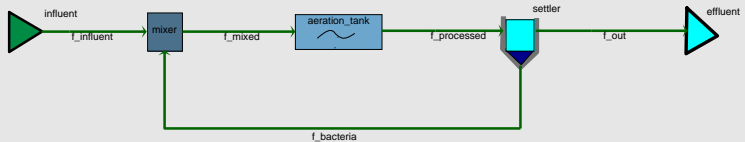
Waste Water Treatment Plants (WWTPs)



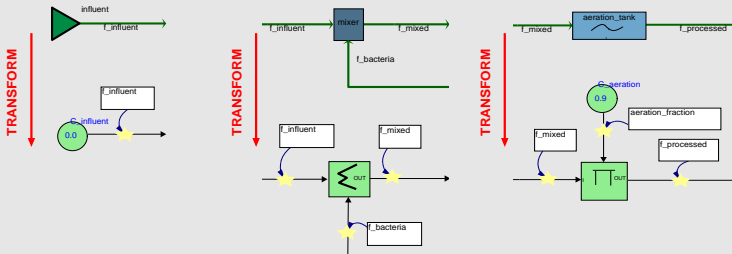
NATO's Sarajevo WWTP

www.nato.int/sfor/cimic/env-pro/waterpla.htm

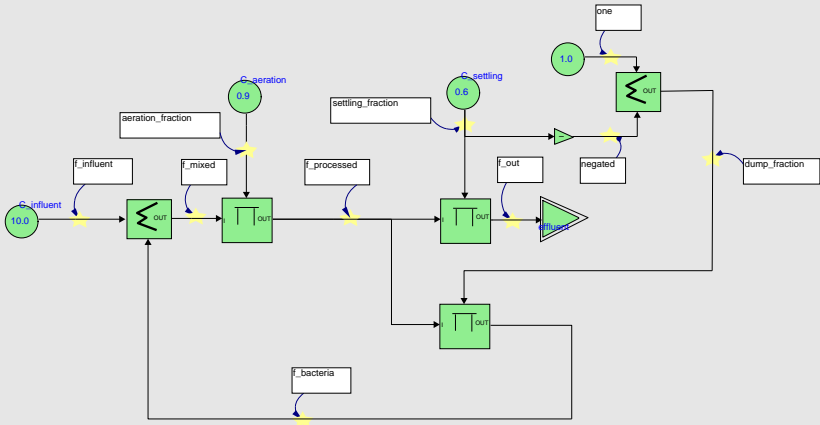
What does this WWTP model mean?



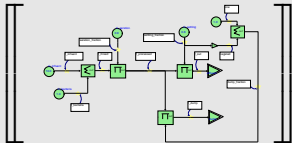
Transformation from WWTP to ...



... its meaning (steady-state abstraction): Causal Block Diagram (CBD)



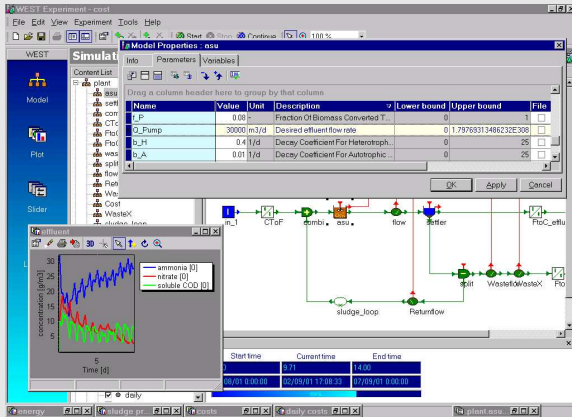
Meaning of the CBD



=

$f_influent$	=	$C_influent$
$f_bacteria$	=	$C_bacteria$
f_mixed	=	$f_influent + f_bacteria$
$aeration_fraction$	=	$C_aeration$
$f_processed$	=	$aeration_fraction * f_mixed$
$settling_fraction$	=	$C_settling$
$negated$	=	$-settling_fraction$
one	=	1
$dump_fraction$	=	$one + negated$
f_dump	=	$f_processed * dump_fraction$
f_out	=	$settling_fraction * f_processed$

WWTP Domain-Specific Modelling Environment

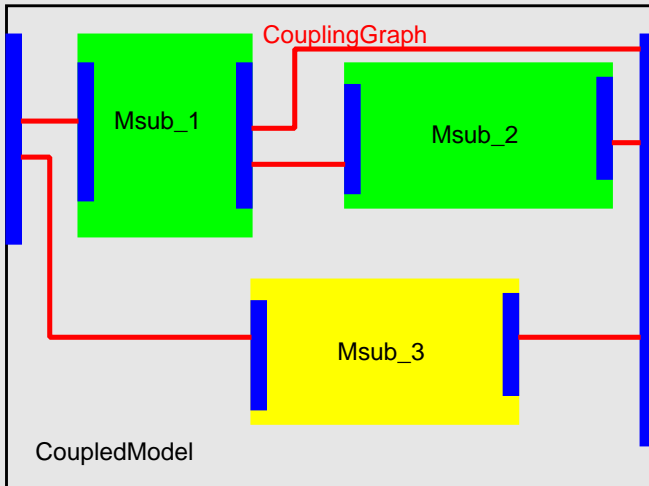


www.hemmis.com/products/west/

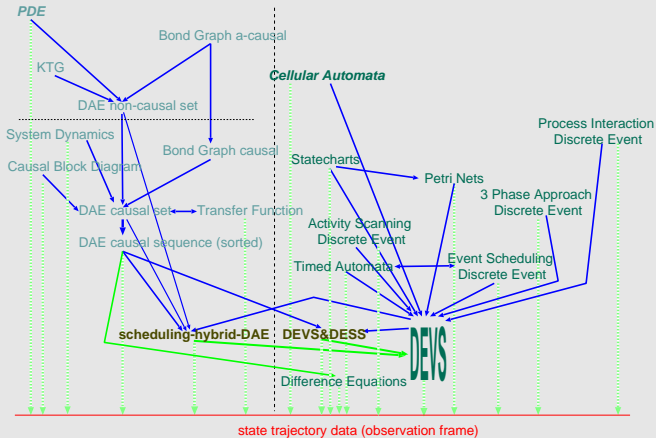
Henk Vanhooren, Jurgen Meirlaen, Youri Amerlinck, Filip Claeys, Hans Vangheluwe, and Peter A. Vanrolleghem.

WEST: Modelling biological wastewater treatment. Journal of Hydroinformatics, 5(1):27-50, 2003.

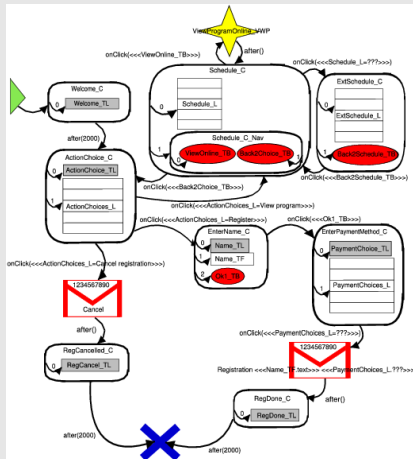
Multi-formalism coupled model: multi-formalism modelling



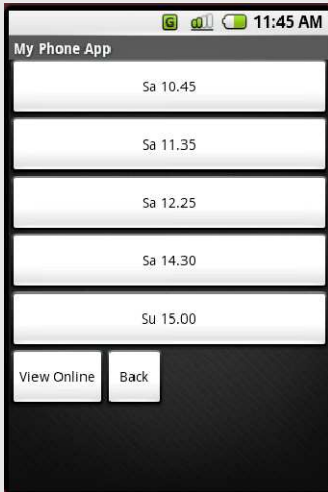
Formalism Transformation Graph



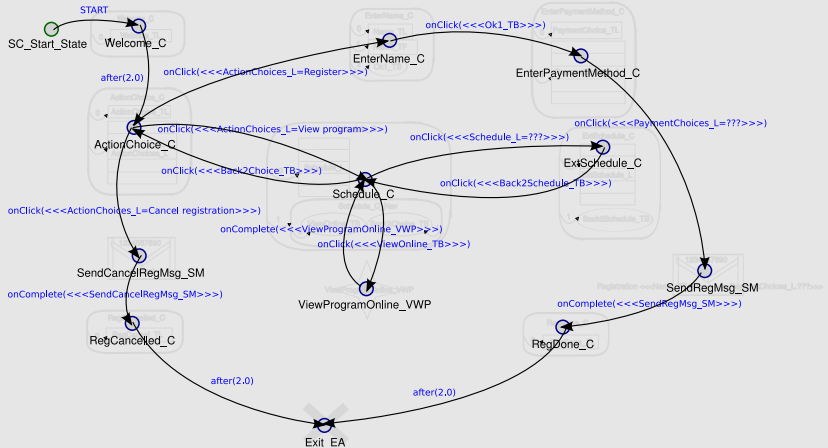
DS(V)M example application, the PhoneApps Domain-Specific model



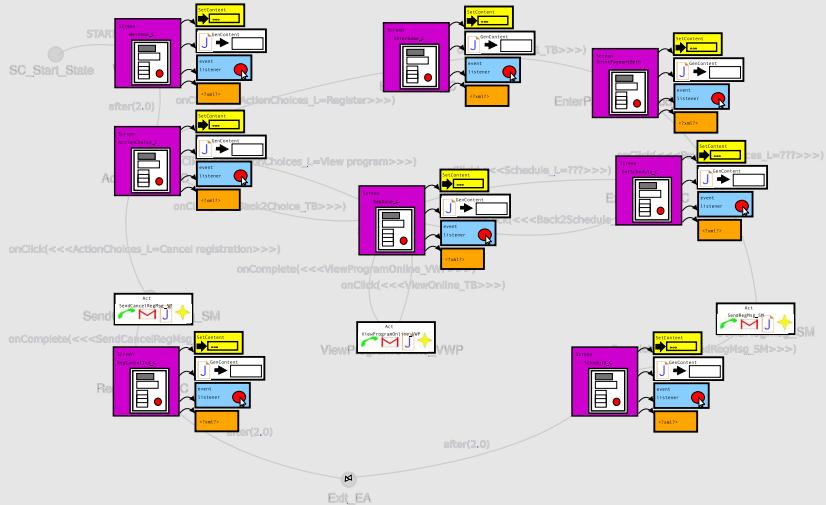
DS(V)M example application: conference registration (Google Android)



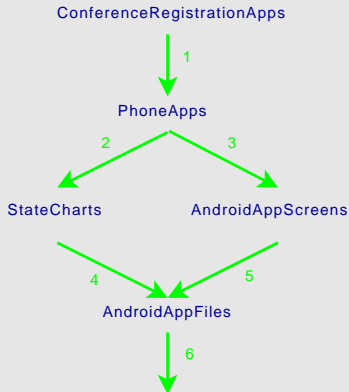
Transformation: extract behaviour (Statechart)



Transformation: extract presentation



Only transform ...



Actual files (AndroidManifest.xml, PhoneApp.java, PhoneAppStateChart.java, screen_*.xml)

Raphael Mannadiar and Hans Vangheluwe. *Modular synthesis of mobile device applications from domain-specific models*. Proceedings of the seventh International Workshop on Model-Based Methodologies for Pervasive and Embedded Software (MoMPES). 2010.

Why DS(V)M ? (as opposed to General Purpose modelling)

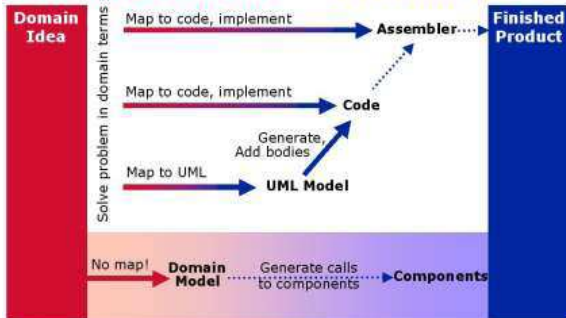
- **match the user's mental model** of the problem domain
- **maximally constrain** the user (to the problem at hand)
 - ⇒ easier to learn
 - ⇒ avoid errors
- **separate** domain-expert's work from analysis/transformation expert's work
- re-use **transformation** knowledge (such as in variations of a Domain-Specific formalism)

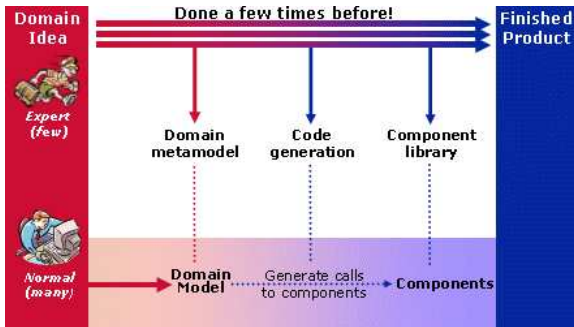
Anecdotal evidence of 5 to 10 times speedup

Steven Kelly and Juha-Pekka Tolvanen.

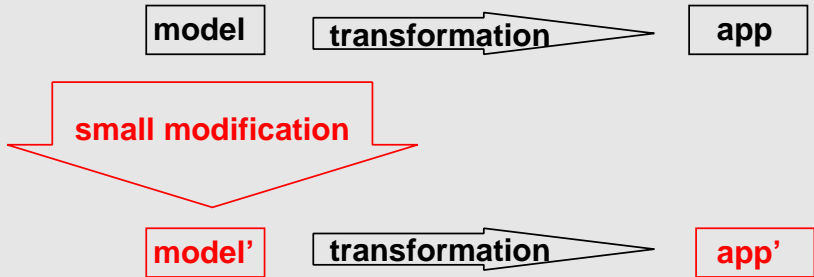
Domain-Specific Modeling: Enabling Full Code Generation. Wiley 2008.

Modeling domain vs. modeling code





Model-Based Development: Modify the Model



Model-Based Development: Modify the Transformation

model

transformation

app

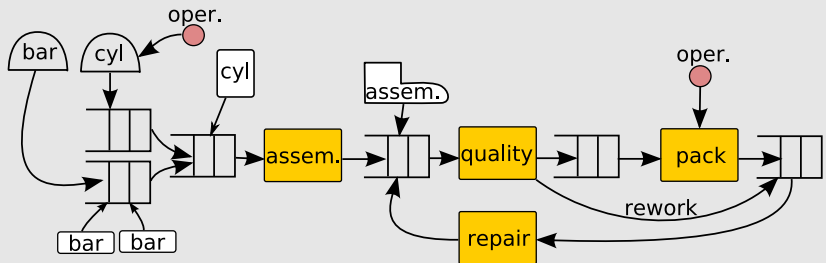
small modification

model

transformation'

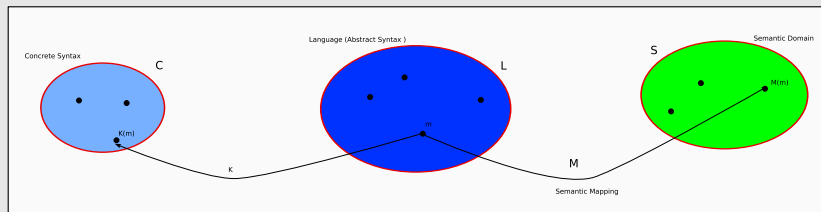
app'

A Production System Model

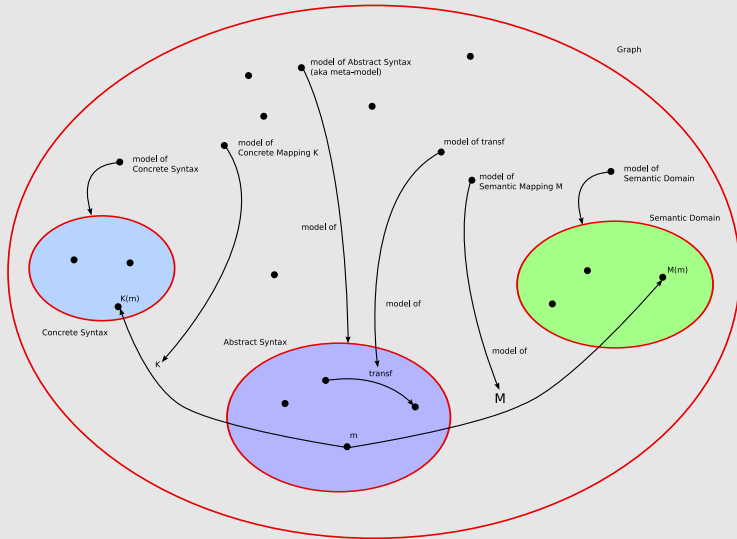


Modelling Languages as Sets of Models

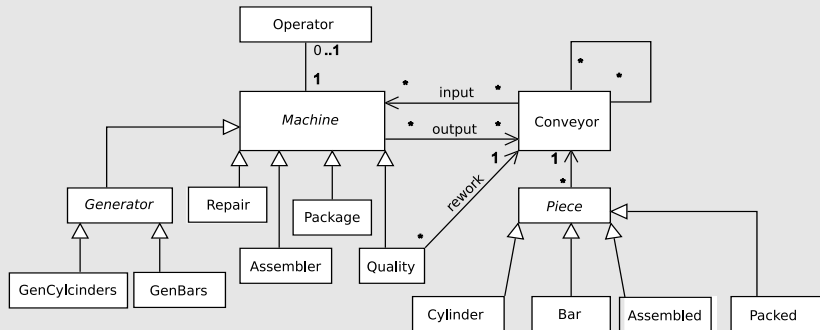
Concrete Formalism F



Meta-Modelling ... and more

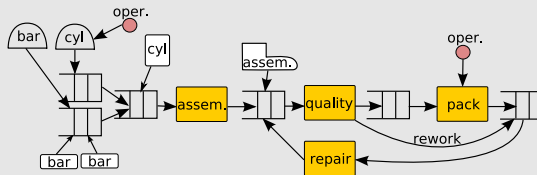
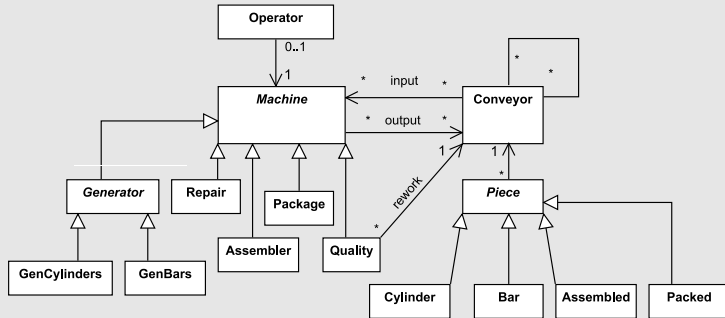


Modelling Abstract Syntax: Meta-Model



not shown: attributes, local and global constraints

Modelling Concrete Syntax (and UI Behaviour)



Meta-Modelling Challenges

- scalability of (meta-)models
- model differencing and meaningful model version control

Antonio Cicchetti, Davide Di Ruscio, Alfonso Pierantonio. A Metamodel Independent Approach to Difference Representation. *Journal of Object Technology* 6(9): 165-185 (2007)

- (meta-)model evolution

Bart Meyers and Hans Vangheluwe. A framework for evolution of modelling languages. *Science of Computer Programming*, 2011. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.scico.2011.01.002>.

- deal with concrete syntax
(mix textual/visual) in a unified manner

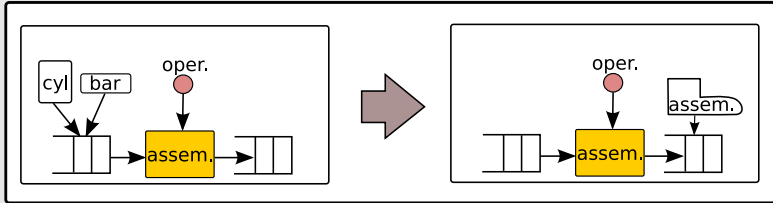
Francisco Pérez Andrés, Juan de Lara, Esther Guerra. Domain Specific Languages with Graphical and Textual Views. *AGTIVE 2007*: 82-97

- debugging

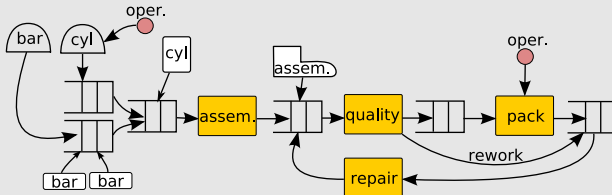
Raphael Mannadiar and Hans Vangheluwe. Debugging in Domain-Specific Modelling. In *The third International Conference on Software Language Engineering - SLE*, volume 6563 of *Lecture Notes in Computer Science (LNCS)*, pages 276 - 285. Springer, 2011. Eindhoven, The Netherlands.

Modelling Operational Semantics in the form of Rules

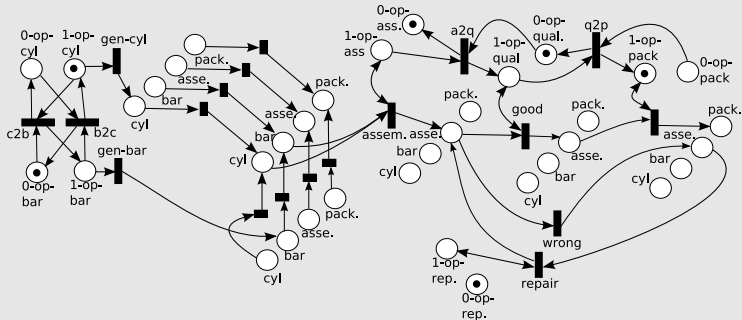
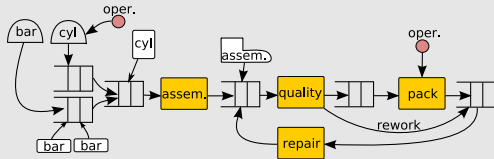
assemble



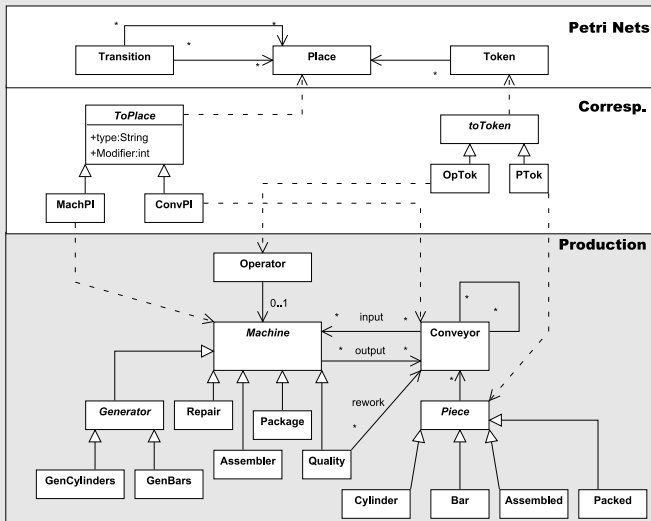
Note the use of **concrete** syntax !



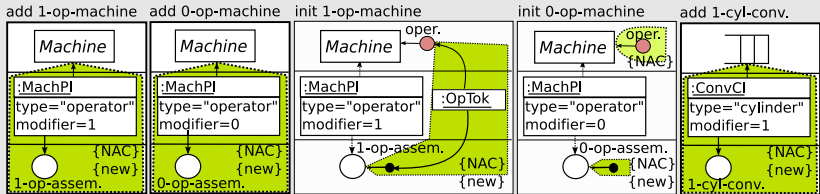
Denotational Semantics



Modelling Denotational Semantics



How: Transformation Triple-Rules (bi-directional!)



Juan de Lara, Hans Vangheluwe. Automating the transformation-based analysis of visual languages. *Formal Aspects of Computing* 22(3-4):297-326 (2010)

Model Transformation Challenges

- precise modelling of transformation languages (including higher-order transformations)

Thomas Kühne, Gergely Mezei, Eugene Syriani, Hans Vangheluwe, and Manuel Wimmer. Systematic transformation development. Electronic Communications of the EASST, 21: Multi-Paradigm Modeling, 2009.
<http://eecasst.cs.tu-berlin.de/index.php/eecasst/issue/view/30>.

- families of transformation languages Eugene Syriani and Hans Vangheluwe. De-/re-constructing model transformation languages. Electronic Communications of the EASST, 29: Graph Transformation and Visual Modeling Techniques (GT-VMT), 2010.

<http://eecasst.cs.tu-berlin.de/index.php/eecasst/issue/view/39>.

- standardization/interoperability
- scalability (expressiveness and performance)

Model Transformation Challenges ctd.

- analysis of (properties of) model transformations (and of properties of transformed models)

Levi Lucio, Bruno Barroca, Vasco Amaral. A Technique for Automatic Validation of Model Transformations.

MoDELS 2010: 136-150

- automated testing of model transformations (and of transformed models)
- debugging

Raphael Mannadiar and Hans Vangheluwe. Debugging in Domain-Specific Modelling. In The third International Conference on Software Language Engineering - SLE, volume 6563 of Lecture Notes in Computer Science (LNCS), pages 276 - 285. Springer, 2011. Eindhoven, The Netherlands.

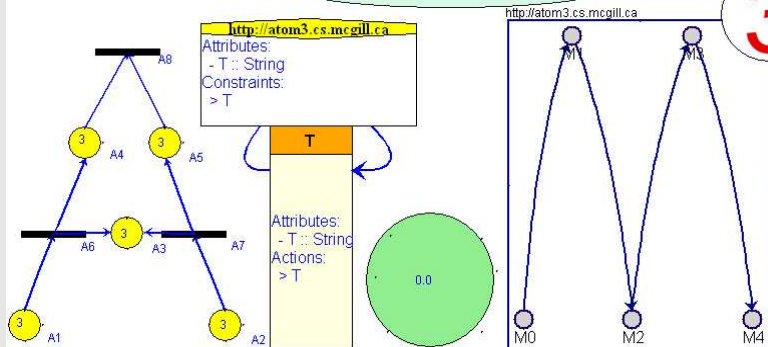
- trace-ability (backward links)
- from transformations to relationships (consistency)

Eat Your Own Dogfood!



A Tool for Multi-formalism and Meta-Modeling

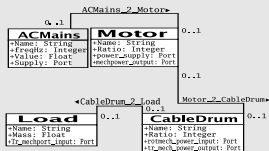
Even our logos are modeled!



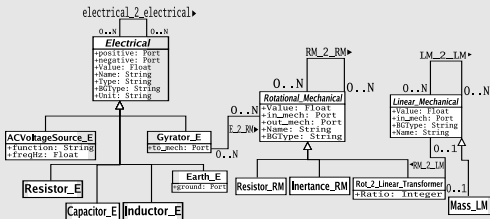
Visit MSDL at <http://msdl.cs.mcgill.ca>

Metamodel

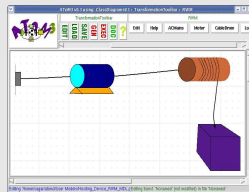
Real World Visual Modeling Formalism



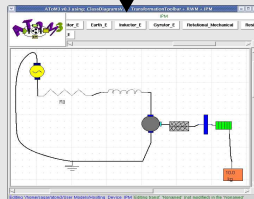
Idealized Physical Modeling Formalism



Generated Visual Modeling Environment

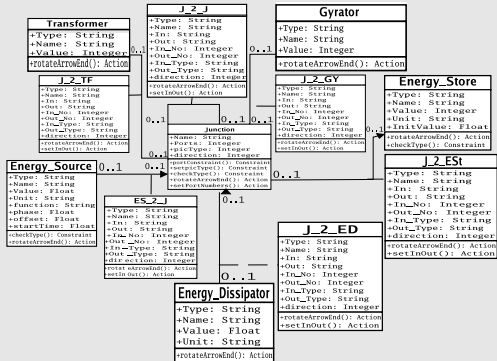


1: GG: RWVM_2_IPM



2: GG: IPM_2_ABG

Bond Graph Modeling Formalism

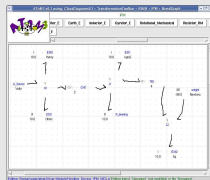


Modelica Object-Oriented Modeling Formalism

BNF Grammar of Modelica 2.2



2: GG: IPM_2_ABG



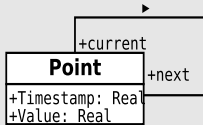
3: GG: ABG_2_CBG



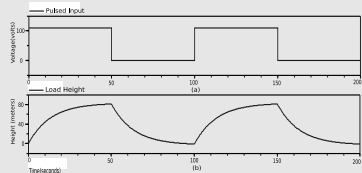
4: GG: CBG_2_Modelica

Modelica Code

Trajectory Formalism

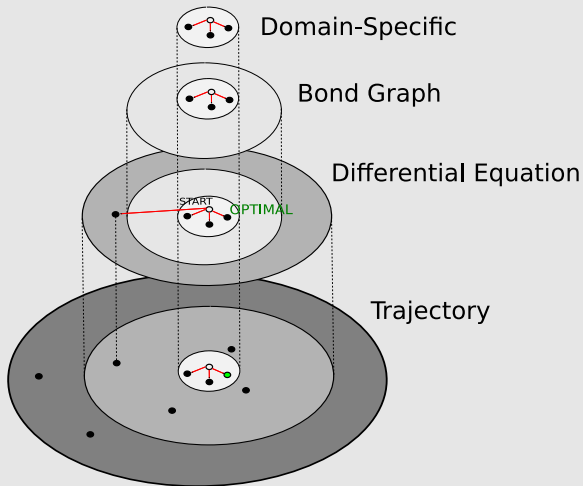


5: Simulation

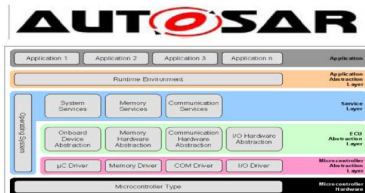
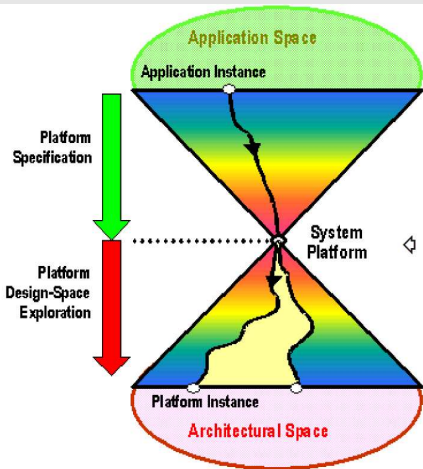


Sagar Sen and Hans Vangheluwe. Multi-domain physical system modeling and control based on meta-modeling and graph rewriting. In Computer Aided Control Systems Design (CACSD), pages 69 - 75, Munich, Germany, October 2006. IEEE.

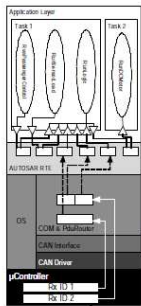
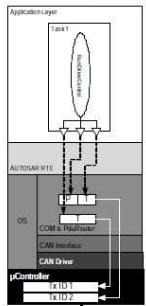
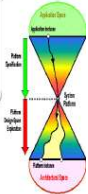
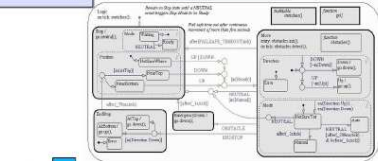
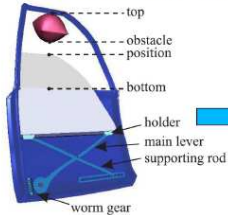
Exploring the Design Space



Deployment Space: Platform-Based Design (Alberto Sangiovanni-Vincentelli)

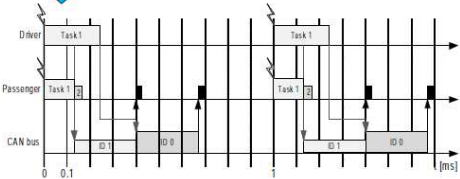


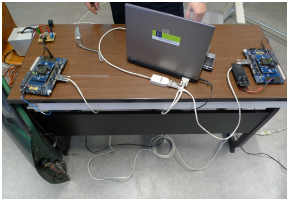
Modelling and Simulation-Based Deployment



CAN - Bus

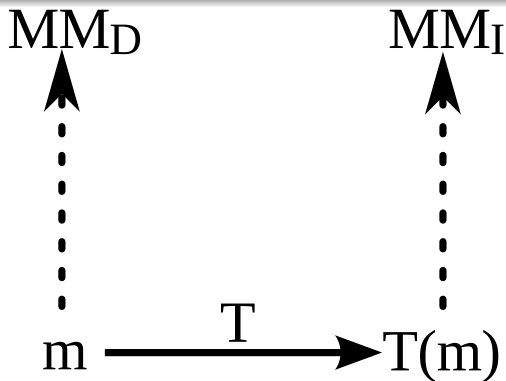
DEVS model



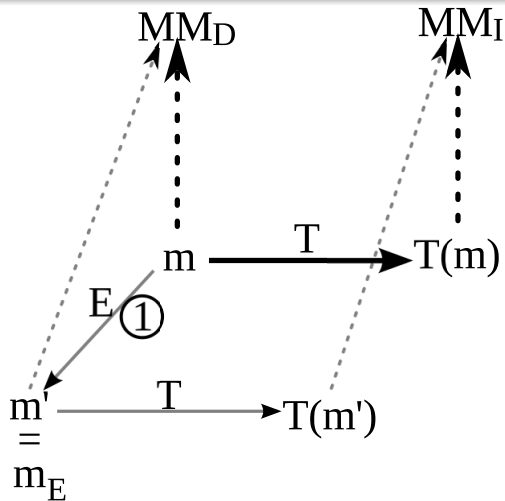


Joachim Denil, Hans Vangheluwe, Pieter Ramaekers, Paul De Meulenaere, Serge Demeyer. DEVS for AUTOSAR platform modeling. Symposium On Theory of Modeling and Simulation. Boston, MA. 2011.

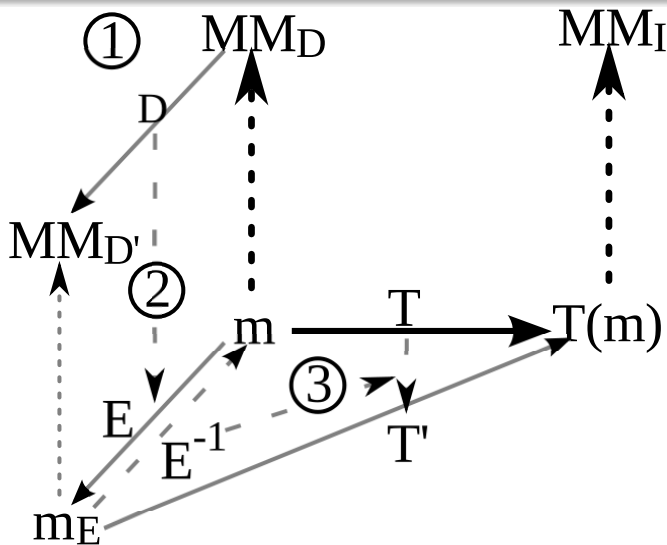
Co-evolution starting point



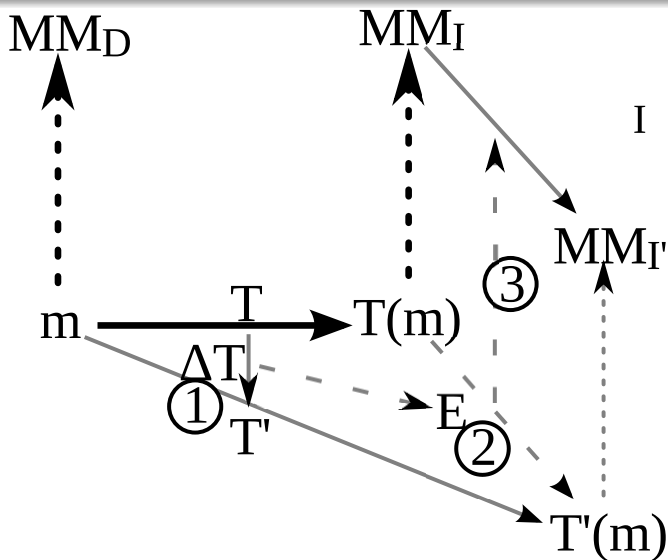
Model (instance) evolution



Domain evolution



Transformation evolution



Conclusions

model everything !

⇒ ability to manipulate knowledge

Conclusions

model everything !

⇒ ability to manipulate knowledge

- Causes of Complexity
- Dealing with Complexity
- Multi-Paradigm Modelling
- Domain-Specific Modelling
- Language Engineering
- Language Evolution
- Design-space Exploration
- Deployment-space Exploration

Questions ?