

Computer Systems and -architecture

MIPS: 2nd Session

1 Ba INF 2011-2012

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Time Schedule

Exercises are made individually. Fill in all solutions to the exercises in the file `oefeningen.html`. **Include all .asm files that contain your MIPS programs.**

Put all your files in a `tgz` archive, as explained on the course's website, and submit your solution to the exercises on Blackboard.

- Deadline: **August, 19 2012, 23u55**

Exercises

Write a MIPS program for the MARS simulator for each of the following exercises. As always, document your solution well (use `#`).

1. (a) Write a MIPS program that reads an integer n (using a `syscall`), after which it reads n integers (using `syscalls`), and stores them in an array. Because you don't know the size of the array in advance, you will have to allocate space for it on the heap (*Hint: use `syscall 9` for `sbrk`*).
(b) Add a (leaf) procedure that prints an array. The procedure has two parameters: the address of the first element of the array and the number of elements in the array. Call the procedure with the array on the heap.

- (c) Add a (leaf) procedure that sorts an array. Call the procedure with the array on the heap. Implement the algorithm from the C++ function below.

```
void sort(int array[], int arrayLength)
{
    int nrOfSwaps;
    do {
        nrOfSwaps = 0;
        for(int i = 0; i < arrayLength - 1; i++) {
            if( a[i] > a[i + 1] ) {
                int temp = a[i];
                a[i] = a[i + 1];
                a[i + 1] = temp;
                nrOfSwaps++;
            }
        }
        while(nrOfSwaps > 0);
    }
}
```

2. Write a MIPS program that reads two integers a and b , and calculates the greatest common divisor.

- Write a (leaf) **remainder** procedure that takes two arguments a and b , and calculates the remainder of the division of a and b .
- Write a (recursive) procedure **gcd** with two arguments a and b , which calculates the greatest common divisor using this recursive definition:

$$\text{gcd}(x, y) = \begin{cases} x & : \text{if } y = 0 \\ \text{gcd}(y, \text{remainder}(x, y)) & : x \geq y \text{ and } y > 0 \end{cases} \quad (1)$$