

Computer Systems and -architecture

MIPS: Recursion

1 Ba INF 2016-2017

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Time Schedule

Exercises are made individually. Put all your files in a tgz archive, as explained on the course's website, and submit your solution to the exercises on Blackboard.

- Deadline: **December 29, 23u55**

Exercises

Write a MIPS program for the MARS simulator for each of the following exercises. As always, document your solution well (use #).

Use stack frames in all your procedure calls.

1. Write a MIPS program that reads an integer n (using a syscall), and calculates the fibonacci numbers from 1 to n . Use a recursive procedure! The fibonacci numbers are defined as follows:
 $F_0 = 0$
 $F_1 = 1$
 $F_i = F_{i-2} + F_{i-1}$ for $i > 1$
2. Consider the previous exercise. **Draw and explain on a sheet of paper** what the stack looks like when reaching one of the base cases for the first time after calling this with $n = 7$. i.e. We have the following chain of calls: $F(7) \rightarrow F(5) \rightarrow F(3) \rightarrow F(1)$. You may send in a scan of your solution.
3. Write a MIPS program that reads two integers a and b , and calculates the greatest common divisor.
 - Write a (leaf) **remainder** procedure that takes two arguments a and b , and calculates the remainder of the division of a and b .
 - Write a (recursive) procedure **gcd** with two arguments a and b , which calculates the greatest common divisor using this recursive definition:

$$\text{gcd}(x, y) = \begin{cases} x & : \text{if } y = 0 \\ \text{gcd}(y, \text{remainder}(x, y)) & : x \geq y \text{ and } y > 0 \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

4. Take your exercises of last week and add a recursive procedure that sorts an array of integers using a quicksort algorithm. Call the procedure with the array on the heap, and $\text{left} = 0$, $\text{right} = \text{array size}$. Make sure you handle your stack frames properly in order to avoid problems with the different function calls. In order to do this, provide a small schematic drawing of how you use the stackframe.

```
void quickSort(int arr [], int left , int right) {
    int i = left , j = right;
    int tmp;
    int pivot = arr[(left + right) / 2];

    /* partition */
    while (i <= j) {
        while (arr[i] < pivot)
            i++;
        while (arr[j] > pivot)
            j--;
        if (i <= j) {
            tmp = arr[i];
            arr[i] = arr[j];
            arr[j] = tmp;
            i++;
            j--;
        }
    };

    /* recursion */
    if (left < j)
        quickSort(arr , left , j);
    if (i < right)
        quickSort(arr , i , right);
}
```