## **Computer Systems and -architecture**

Data Representation

1 Ba INF 2019-2020

Stephen Pauwels stephen.pauwels@uantwerpen.be

## Time Schedule

Exercises are made individually. Put all your files in a tgz archive, as explained on the course's website, and submit your solution to the exercises on Blackboard. Write down all intermediate steps and result on how you obtained the main results.

• Deadline: November 7, 23u55

## Exercises

- 1. Convert these positive numbers to base 10.
  - (a)  $(100101011)_2$
  - (b)  $(E666)_{16}$
  - (c)  $(1101110010111)_2$
  - (d)  $(457)_8$
  - (e)  $(666)_7$
- 2. Convert to base 10.
  - (a)  $(100110)_2$  (2's complement)
  - (b)  $(1111111)_2$  (2's complement)
  - (c)  $(0.2132)_4$
  - (d)  $(0.987)_{15}$
- 3. Convert to base 2.
  - (a)  $(2019)_{10}$
  - (b)  $(666)_8$
  - (c)  $(1AD4)_{16}$
  - (d)  $(1.23)_{10}$
  - (e)  $(42)_{16}$
- 4. Convert to base 2. Represent the negative numbers with 8 bits in signed magnitude, one's complement, two's complement and excess 128.

(a)  $(-104)_{10}$ 

- (b)  $(-69)_{10}$
- (c)  $(-130)_{10}$
- (d)  $(-3D)_{16}$
- 5. For the following single-precision IEEE 754 bit patterns, show the numerical value as a base 2 significand with an exponent (e.g.  $+1.11 \cdot 2^5$ ).

  - (b) 1 00111100 1011000000000000000000
  - (c) 1 11111111 00000000000000000000000
  - (d) 0 0000000 001010111000000000000
  - (e) 1 00010100 111001100000000000000
  - (f) 0 11111111 11010100010001010100010
  - (g) 0 10101011 0110100000000000000000
- 6. Represent these numbers in the IEEE-754 (single precision) format.
  - (a)  $(8985.3)_{10}$
  - (b)  $(2010)_{10}$
  - (c) NaN
  - (d)  $(-42.666)_{10}$
  - (e)  $+\infty$
  - (f) + 0
  - (g)  $(1.110101 * 2^{-133})_2$  (denormalized)
  - (h)  $(333.666)_{10}$
- 7. Suppose we are using a 15 bit floating point, in a normalized, base 8 floating point format, with a sign bit, followed by a 5-bit exponent with a certain bias, followed by three base 8 digits.
  - (a) Determine the bias we have to use for the exponent, assuming we do not want to change the range of exponents we would have reached when using a 5-bit 2's complement exponent.
  - (b) Represent the number  $(-142)_{10}$  in our new format (with the bias from the previous question) as a binary string.
  - (c) What is the largest possible error that can be made using this representation?
  - (d) What is the smallest gap using this representation?
- 8. Write a Python program that, using the module files, does the following:
  - (a) Read the given file input.txt using the correct encoding.
  - (b) Write the contents you just read back to file using the UTF-16 encoding scheme.
  - (c) Convert all characters to their appropriate code points.
  - (d) Convert the code points to their correct html code, make sure you can display a new line in a correct manner.

The module files has the following functions:

- read\_file(filename, encoding): this function takes a filename and reads it according to the given encoding and returns the resulting string.
- write\_file(filename, contents, encoding): this functions writes the string contents to the file filename using the given encoding.
- write\_html\_file(filename, contents): writes the string contents to a html file.

The module has the following encodings:

- ASCII
- UTF\_8
- UTF\_16