Petri Net Analysis

Sokhom Pheng

March 1st 2004 McGill University

Overview

- Behavioral Properties
- Incidence Matrix & State Equations
- Analysis of Marked Graphs

Behavioral Properties

- Properties dependent of initial marking
- Reachability
 - Marking M reachable from M_o if \exists a sequence of firing from M_o to M
 - Define $R(M_o)$ to be set of marking reachable from M_o

2. Boundedness

- Net bounded if num tokens in each place not exceed finite num k for any marking reachable from M_{\circ}

3. Liveness

- L0: t can never be fired in any firing sequence
- L1: t can be fired at least once in some firing sequence
- L2: t can be fired at least k times in some firing sequence
- L3: t appears ∞ in some firing seq.
- L4: t is L1-live for every marking

- 4. Reversibility
 - For each marking M in $R(M_o)$, M_o reachable from M
- 5. Coverability
 - \exists marking M' in R(M_o) such that M'(p) \geq M(p) for each place p

- 6. Persistence
 - For any 2 enabled transitions, the firing of one will not disable the other

- 7. Synchronic distance
 - metric closely related to degree of mutual dependence between 2 events in a condition/event syst.

 $d_{12} = max | num t_1 - num t_2 |$ $num t_1$: $num times t_1$ fires in firing seq starting at any marking

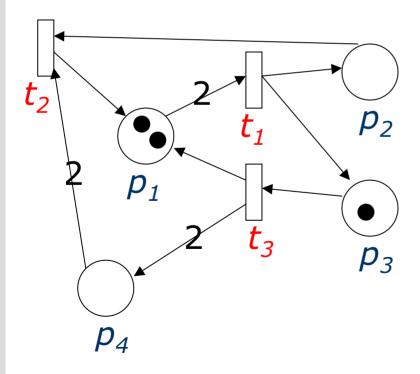
8. Fairness

Bounded-fairness
 2 transition are in bounded-fair relation if max num time that either can fire while other not firing is bounded

 Unconditionally fair
 Firing seq is uncond. fair if finite or every transition in net appears infinitely often

Incidence Matrix

■ n x m matrix A (n trans. & m places) where $a_{ij} = a_{ij}^+ - a_{ij}^-$



$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

State Equation

$$M_k = M_{k-1} + A^T u_k \qquad k = 1,2,...$$

Example:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

State Equation (cont)

$$M_d = M_0 + A^T \Sigma_{k=1}^d u_k$$

$$=> A^T x = \Lambda M$$

Let r be the rank of A, partition A

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} \end{bmatrix} \uparrow r$$

$$A_{21} & A_{22} & \uparrow r$$

$$m-r & r$$

Circuit matrix: $B_f = [I_{\mu} : -A^{T}_{11}(A^{T}_{12})^{-1}]$

State Equation (cont)

Example

$$rank = 2$$

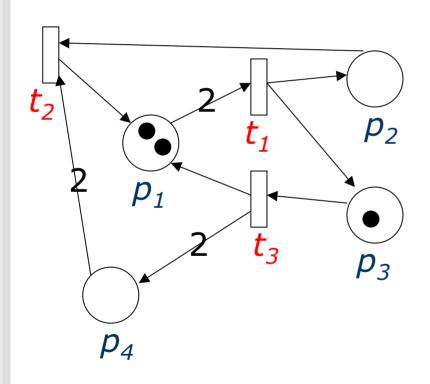
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \qquad B_f = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B_{f} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

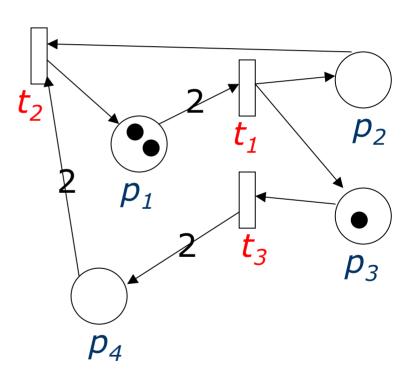
Marked Graph

- Analyzing matrix equations applicable only to special subclasses of Petri nets
- Look at marked graphs
 - Petri net such that each place p has exactly one input transition & exactly one output transition

Marked Graph (cont)







Marked graph

Analysis of Marked Graph

- Reachability
- Weighted sum of tokens
- Token distance

Reachability

■ M_d is reachable from M_0 iff $B_fM_0 = B_fM_d$ (B_f : circuit matrix)

& \exists such firing sequence Ie. $A^Tx = 0$ is solvable for x

Weighted Sum of Tokens

 Often interested in finding max or min weighted sum of tokens (M^TW)

```
max \{M^TW \mid M \in R(M_0)\}
= min \{M^T_0I \mid I \ge W, AI = 0\}
vice-versa
```

where W is mx1 matrix whose ith entry is num token in place i

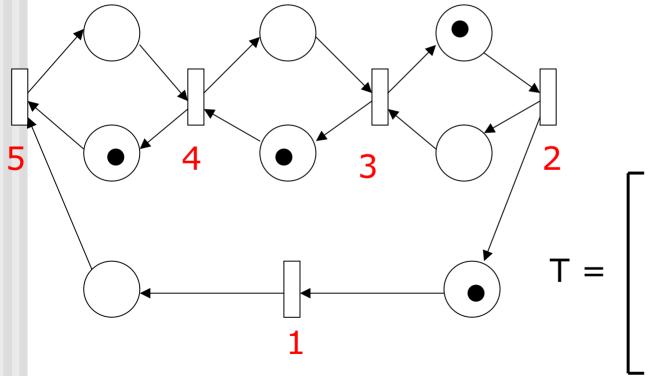
Token Distance

■ Token distance matrix T where $t_{ij} = min M_0(P_{ij})$ or ∞ if no directed path P_{ij} exists

where P_{ij} is path from transition i to transition j

Token Distance (cont)

Example:



```
0 1 0 0 0
1 0 0 1 1
2 1 0 1 2
2 1 0 0 1
2 1 0 0 0
```

Token Distance (cont)

- Useful applications
 - Firability
 - Transition j is firable at a marking M iff all off-diagonal entries of jth column ≥ 0
 - Synchronic distance
 - $\bullet d_{ij} = t_{ij} + t_{ji}$
 - Liveness
 - Live iff $t_{ij} + t_{ji} = d_{ij} \neq 0 \ \forall \ i \neq j$

Reference

■ Tadao Murata. Petri Nets: Properties, Analysis and Applications. *Proceedings of the IEEE. Vol 77, No 4, April 1989*.

Questions?