

STATECHARTS MODELLING OF TANK WARS

[Project Presentation]

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Overview

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- Recap
- The static part: the controller
- Designing the tank components' statecharts
- Recreating the simulation environment
- Summary

Recap

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- EA TankWars: AI programming contest, C++ environment
- AI specification should be done at a higher lever of abstraction: modelled instead of coded (reusability)
- Since models define reactions to game events, event-based formalisms seem to be the most appropriate
- Formalisms:
 - State / event based
 - Autonomous / reactive behaviour
 - Notion of time
 - Modularity
 - Availability of simulators / code generators
- Time-sliced Vs. Event-based

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The static part: the controller

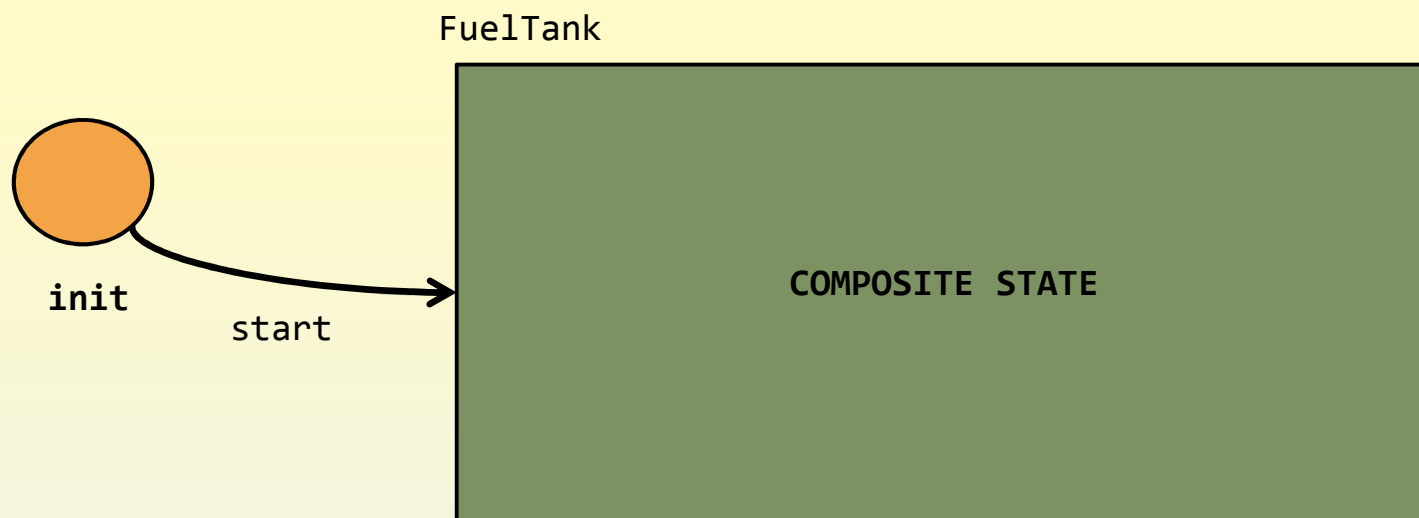
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- One big statechart (digital watch) Vs. many small statecharts
- Defining each component in different statecharts means event broadcasting is not possible
- Necessity to use controller: it will “contain” all the tank’s components and link them

The static part: the controller

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- Defining each component of the tank with a statechart, e.g.:



The static part: the controller

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- Event “start” to begin the simulation of the statecharts, (pass controller as parameter) e.g.:

```
print “fuelTank start”  
ctl=[PARAMS]
```

- Defining an instance of each component / statechart of the tank, e.g.:

```
self.fuelTank = FuelTank.FuelTank()  
self.fuelTank.initModel()  
self.fuelTank.event(“start”, self)
```

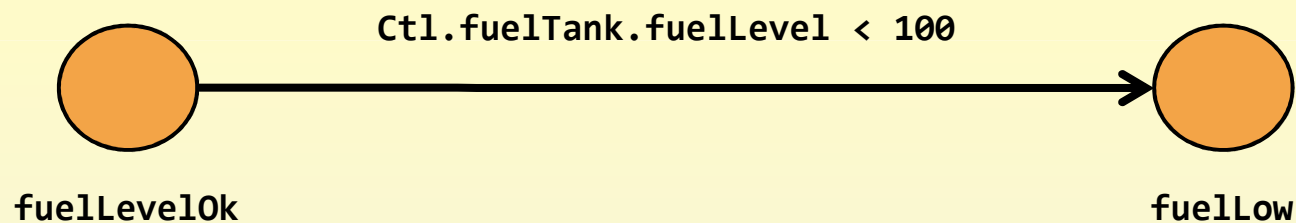
- Adding variables to the tank’s components, e.g.:

```
self.fuelTank.fuelLevel = MAX_TANK_FUEL
```

The static part: the controller

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- Tank's components generate events in other components (statecharts) by using “*narrow cast*”, e.g.:
 - FuelTank



- Action:

```
ctl.fuelTank.fuelLow = True  
ctl.pilotStrategy.event("fuelLow")
```

Overview

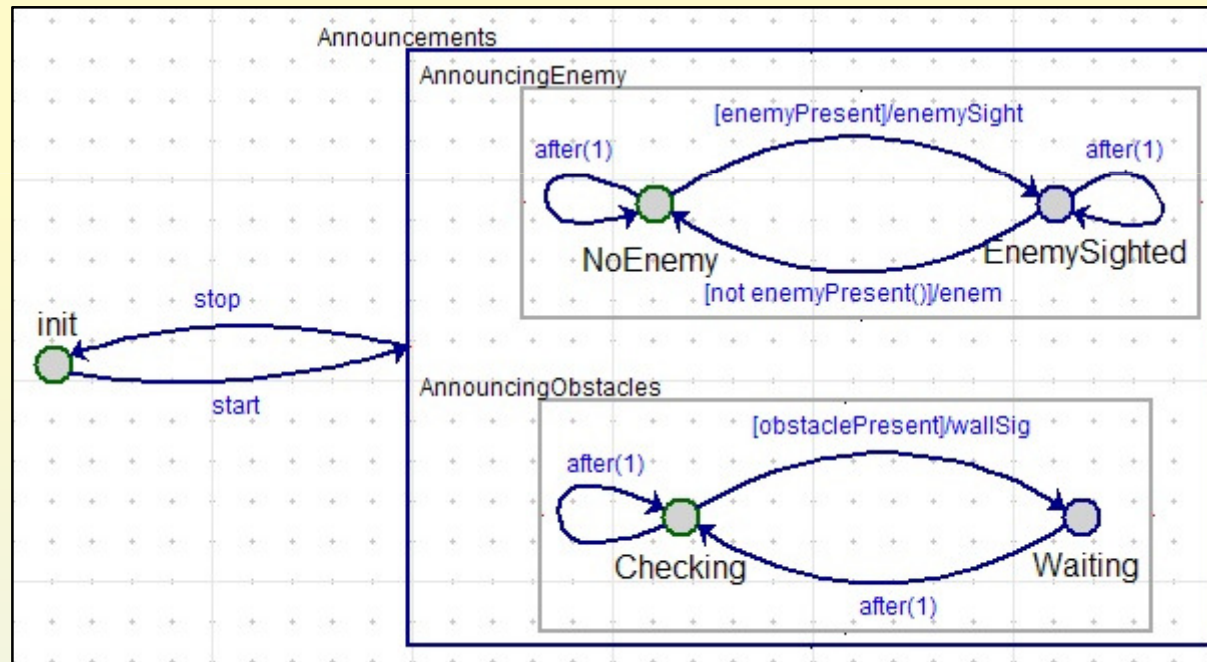
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Designing the tank components' statecharts

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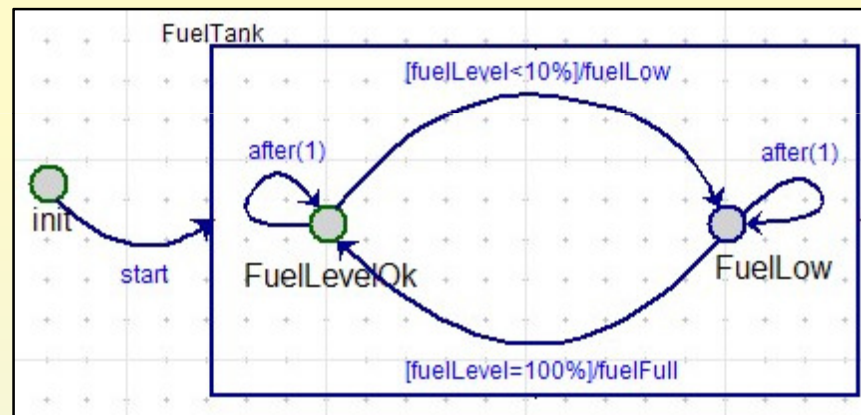
- Announcements (sensors)



Designing the tank components' statecharts

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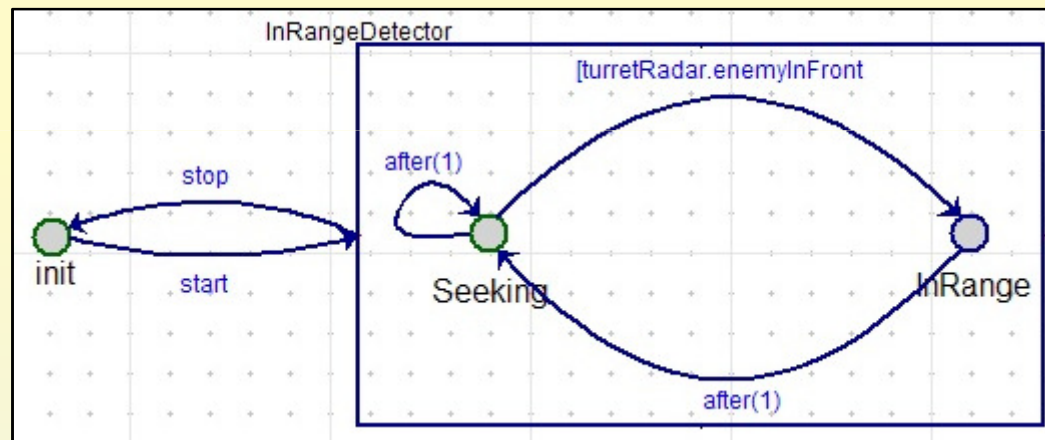
- FuelTank (sensors)



Designing the tank components' statecharts

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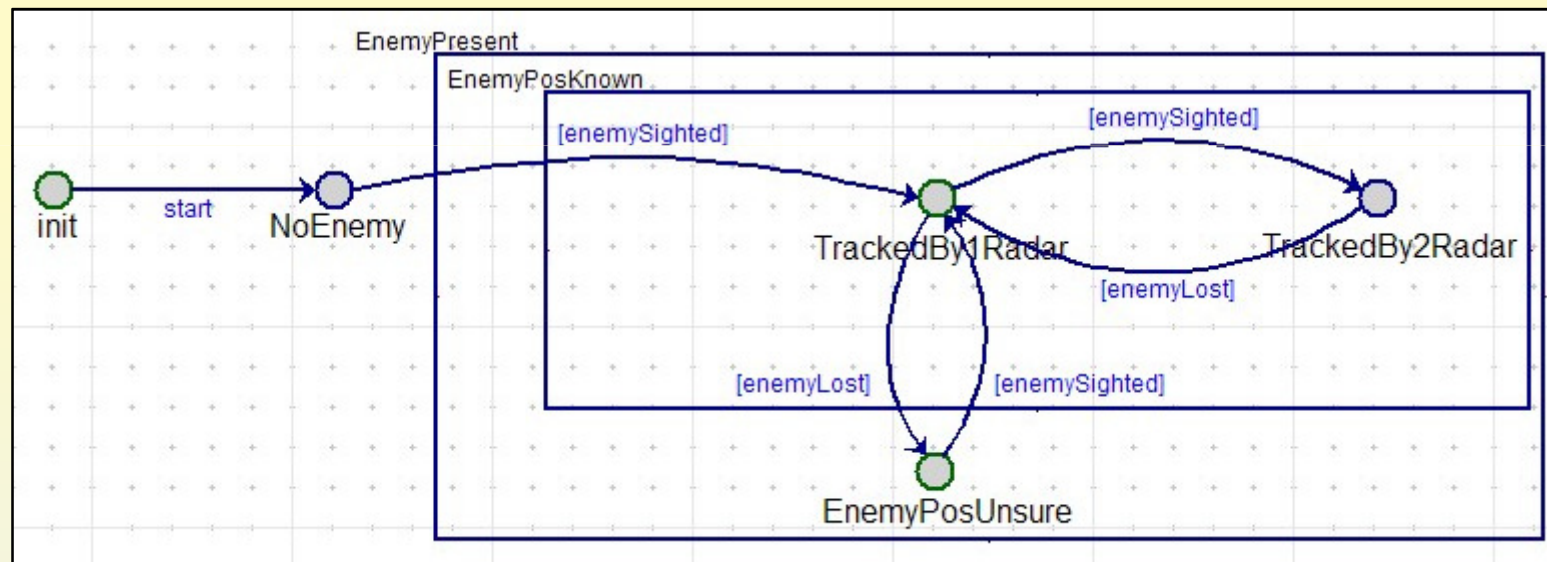
- InRangeDetector (analyzers)



Designing the tank components' statecharts

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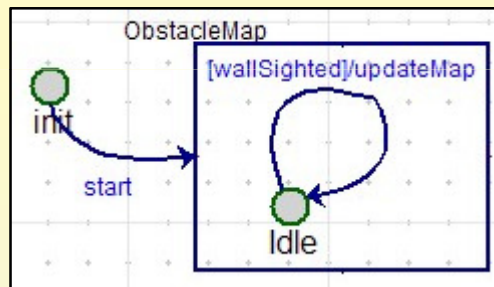
- EnemyTracker (memorizers)



Designing the tank components' statecharts

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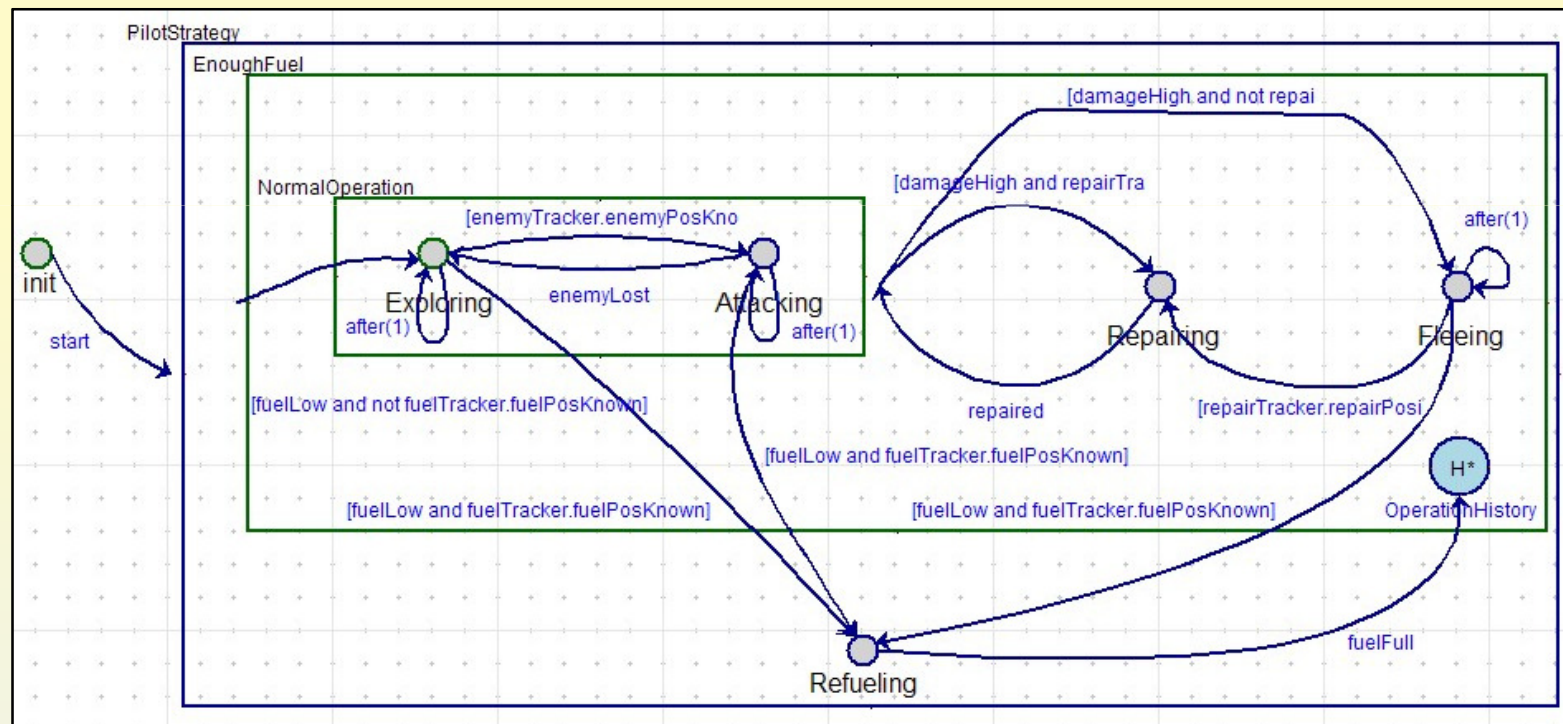
- ObstacleMap (memorizers)



Designing the tank components' statecharts

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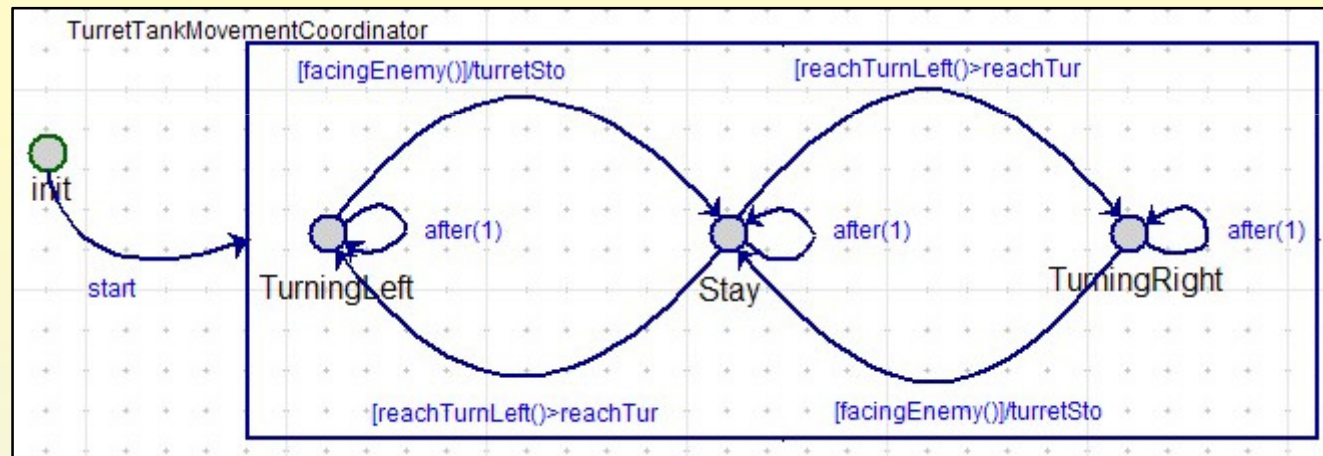
□ PilotStrategy (strategic deciders)



Designing the tank components' statecharts

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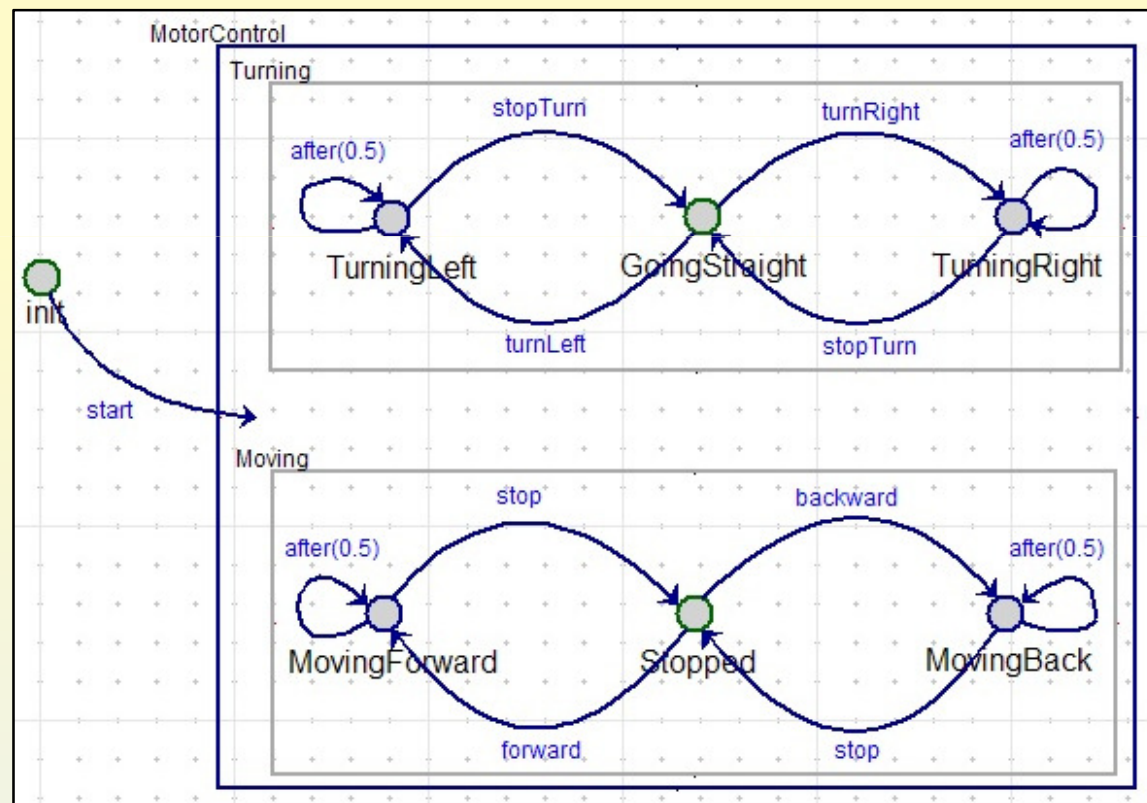
- TurretTankMovementCoordinator (coordinators)



Designing the tank components' statecharts

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□ MotorControl (actuator)

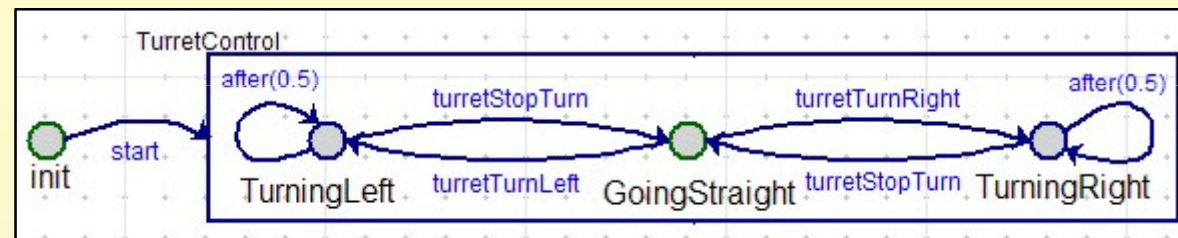


Statecharts modelling of Tank Wars

Designing the tank components' statecharts

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- TurretControl (actuator)



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Recreating the simulation environment

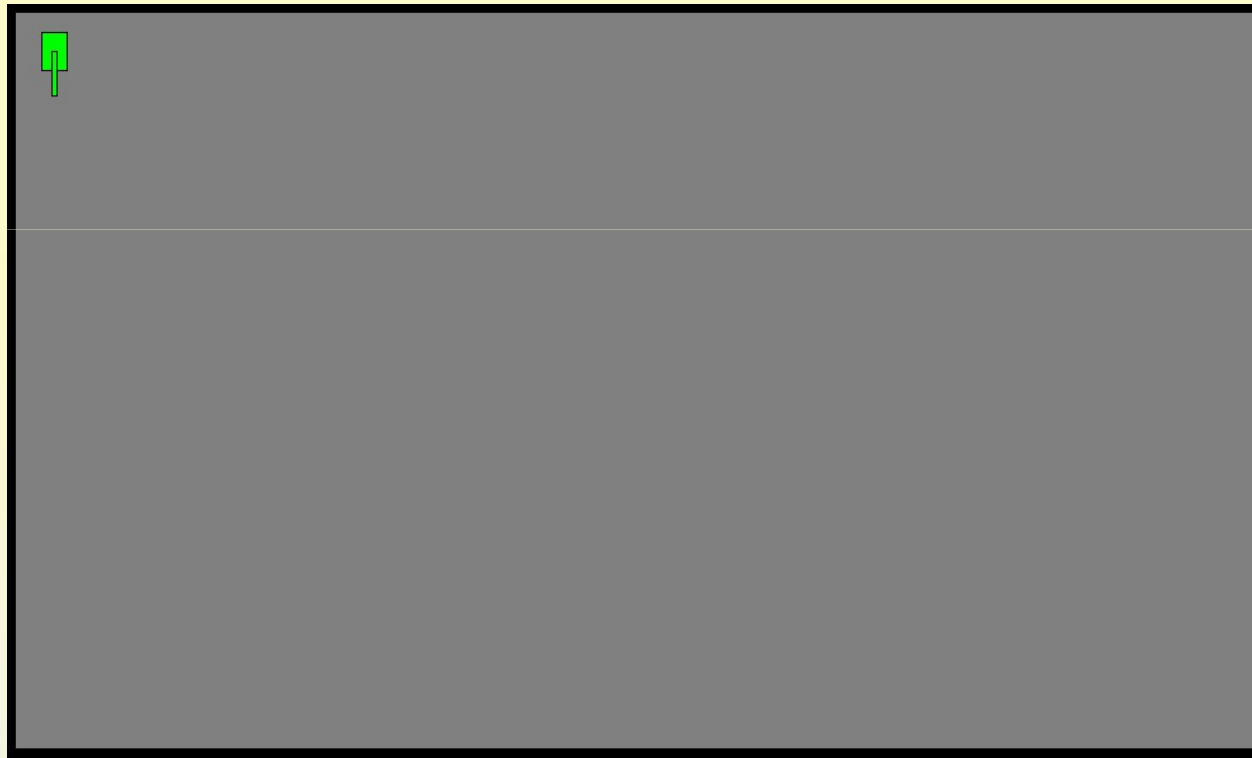
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- Time-sliced to event-based: a lot of work!
- Implement a very simple simulation environment instead of using EA Tank Wars environment
- Use Python instead of C++
- Translate EA Tank Wars header files into Python
 - ▣ ai
 - ▣ coord
 - ▣ visor

Recreating the simulation environment

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- Using Tkinter to draw world map and tank



Recreating the simulation environment

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- World map defined using numbers in a plain text file



Statecharts modelling of Tank Wars

Recreating the simulation environment

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□ Moving the tank (translation)

```
def translatePoint(point, dx, dy):  
    x = point.x + dx  
    y = point.y + dy  
    return Coord2D(x, y)
```

□ Turning the tank and the turret (rotation)

```
def rotatePoint(point, origin, angle):  
    x = origin.x + ((point.x - origin.x) *  
                    cos(angle) - (point.y - origin.y) * sin(angle))  
    y = origin.y + ((point.x - origin.x) *  
                    sin(angle) + (point.y - origin.y) * cos(angle))  
    return Coord2D(x, y)
```

Recreating the simulation environment

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- The simulation is also described with a statechart

```
root = Tk()
root.withdraw()
window = newWindow(root)

fr = FileReader.FileReader("input2.txt")
fr.loadFile()

dr = Drawer.Drawer(root, window, fr.lines, 40, 40)
ctl = TankController.TankController(dr)

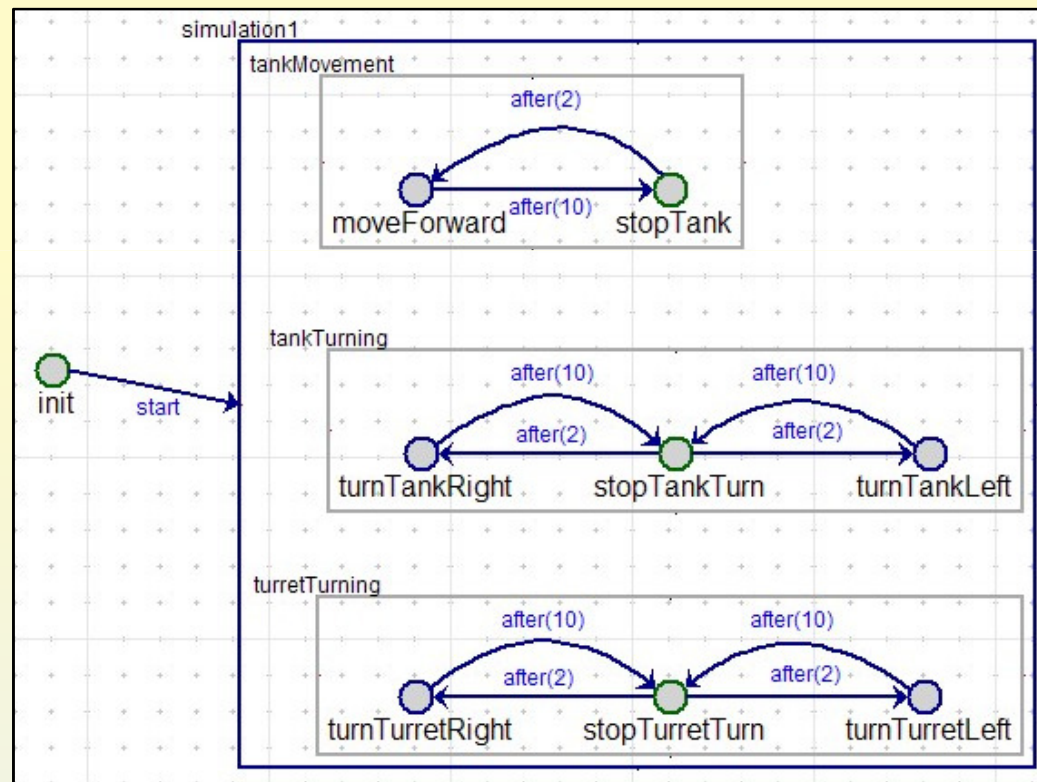
sim = simulation.simulation()
sim.initModel()
sim.event("start", ctl)

root.mainloop()
```

Recreating the simulation environment

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- Simulation example:



Statecharts modelling of Tank Wars

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Summary

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- Succeeded:
 - ▣ Model tank's AI at a higher level of abstraction by using event-based formalism: statecharts
 - ▣ Necessity to use controller class to link tank's components and allow communication between them: "*narrow cast*"
 - ▣ Implementing a very simple environment for simulation instead of using EA Tank Wars
 - ▣ Describing simulation with a statechart too
- Not succeeded (yet):
 - ▣ Perceiving environment through the sensors (feeding the tank with input: obstacles, enemies, etc.)

Thank you!

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Statecharts modelling of Tank Wars