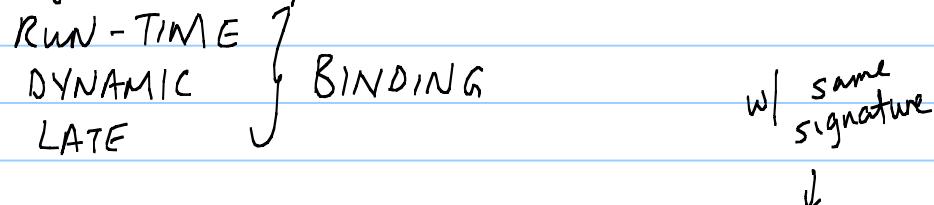


Poly morphism (ie: o.show). Only know which show to invoke at runtime via which object o represents.



A) Overriding : redefinition of an operation (method) of a class by one of its sub classes.

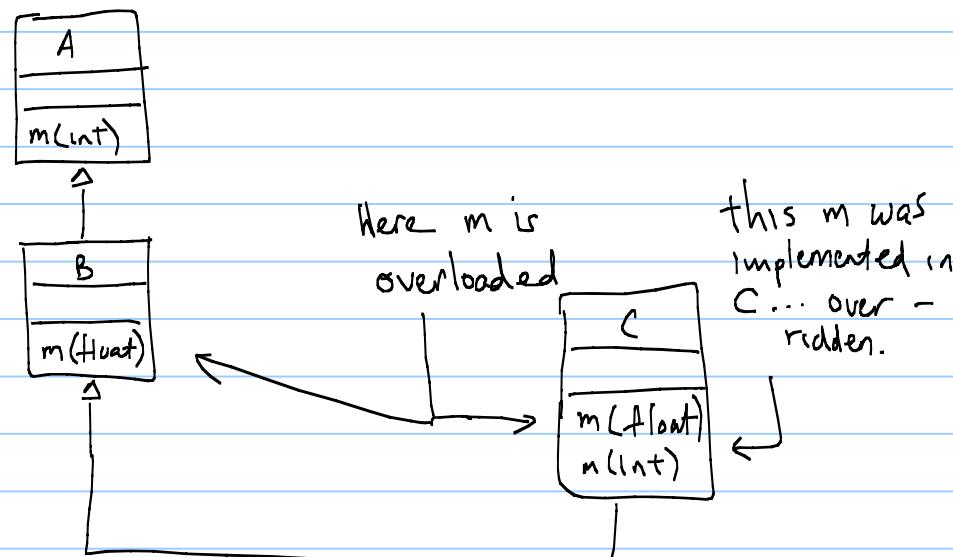
In Python, instead of using super, we use the actual class name.

B) Overloading : several operations (methods) of the same class have the same name but rest of signature is different.

Signature → · Name

- Number & Type of args
- Return type

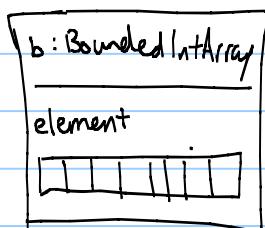
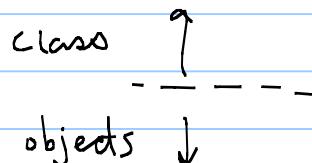
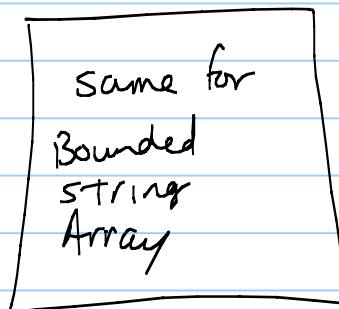
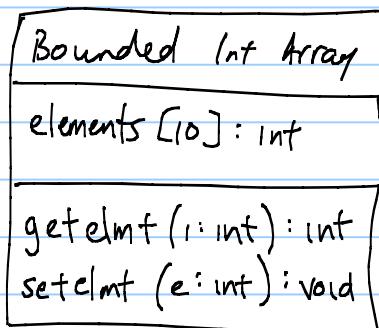
We can combine these :



## 9) Genericty (Parameterized types) (C++ template classes)

Is a mechanism for clients to specify the types of objects in a class via parameters passed at declaration time and evaluated at compile time.

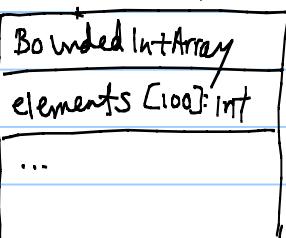
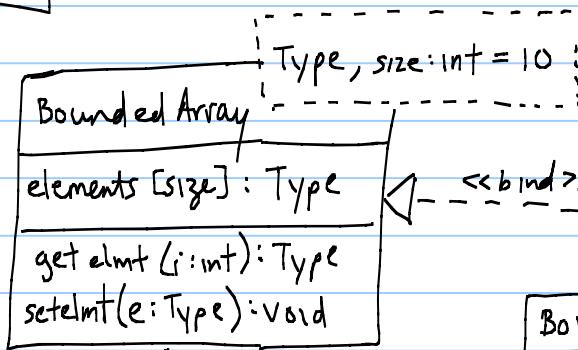
I.e:



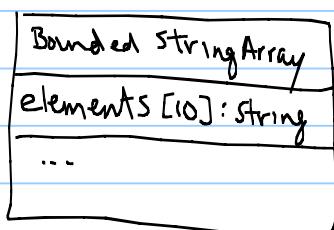
regular

default  
value ↴

w/ genericity:



$\triangleleft \ll bind \gg < Type \rightarrow int, size \Rightarrow 100 >$



$\triangleleft \ll bind \gg < Type \rightarrow string >$

no bind for size  
so use default