

Model-Driven Design using XJ Technologies AnyLogic

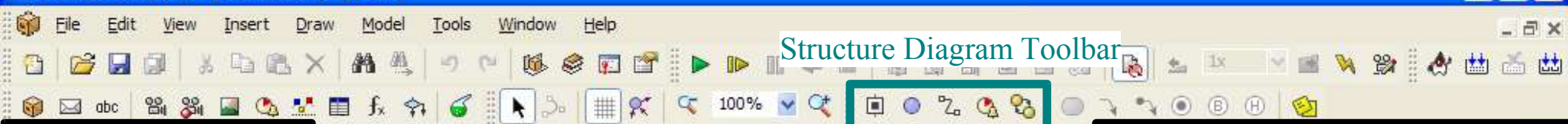
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Overview

1. Introduction to AnyLogic
2. Basic Usage of AnyLogic
3. AnyLogic Features
4. Example: Answering Machine
5. Personal Experiences using AnyLogic
6. Conclusion

Introduction to AnyLogic

- AnyLogic is software for model-based design
- Users define systems with
 - AnyLogic structure diagrams
 - AnyLogic statecharts
 - mathematical equations
 - Java code
- Users can use AnyLogic to create
 - animations of their running systems
 - graphical user interfaces for their systems
 - live-updating charts that graph data as their systems run

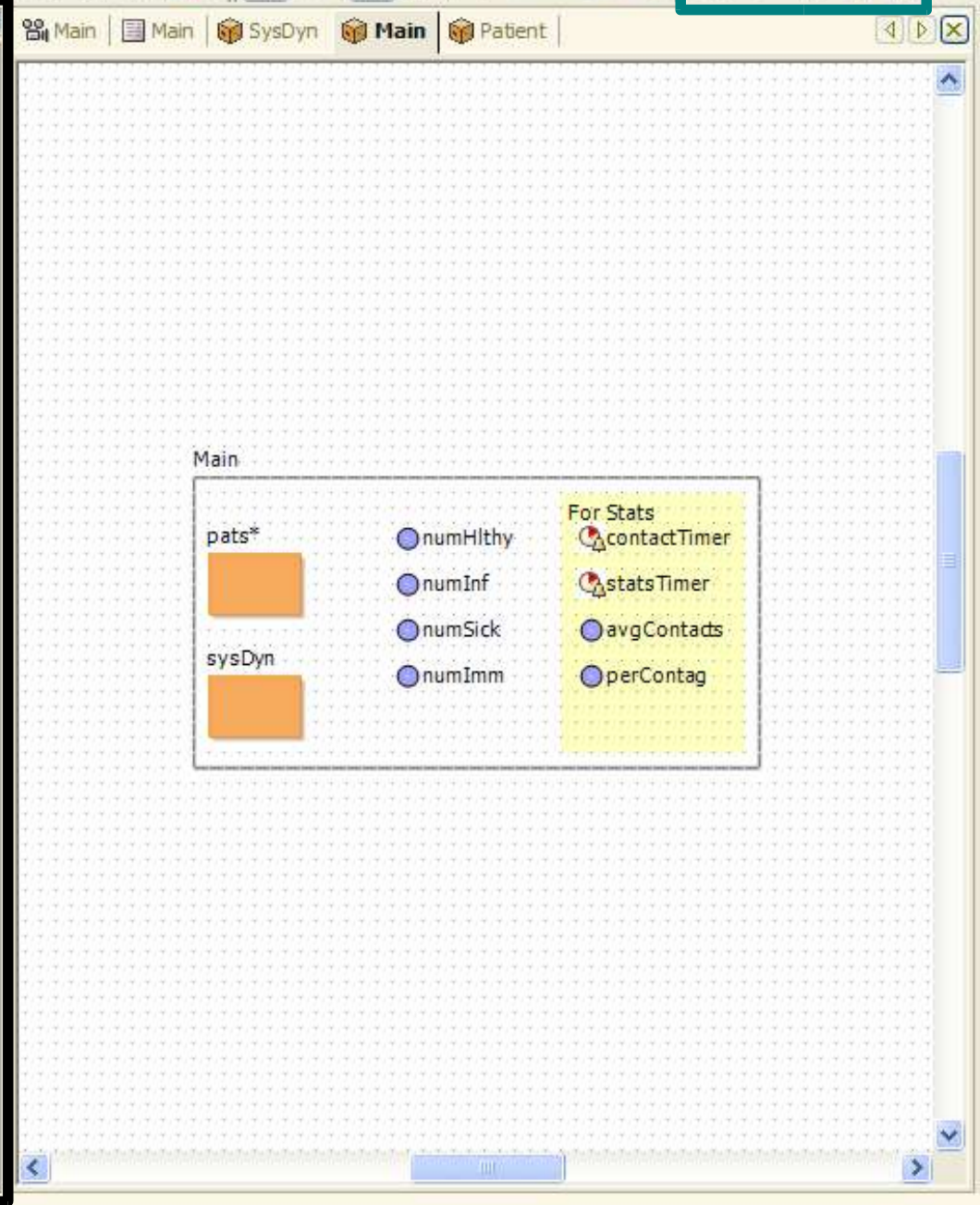


Structure Diagram Toolbar

Project

- Model
 - flu
 - Main
 - Code
 - animation
 - Code
 - getColor
 - initPats
 - Patient
 - Code
 - isNear
 - patHlth
 - SysDyn
 - Experiments
 - Simulation

Project Window



Properties

General | Image | Description

Class name:

Base class:

Parameters:

Name	Type
numPats	integer
envWidth	integer
envHeight	integer
avgInfTime	real
avgSickTime	real
avgImmTime	real
infContact	real
sickContact	real
contactRate	real
infChance	real

Properties Window

Exclude from build

Show name

Show object rectangle

Public (exported from library)



```
Import  
  
Implements interfaces  
  
Startup code  
if (pats != null) {  
    initPats();  
}  
  
Equations  
  
Additional class code
```

Main Class's Extra Code

Properties

General | Image | Description

Class name:

Base class:

Parameters:

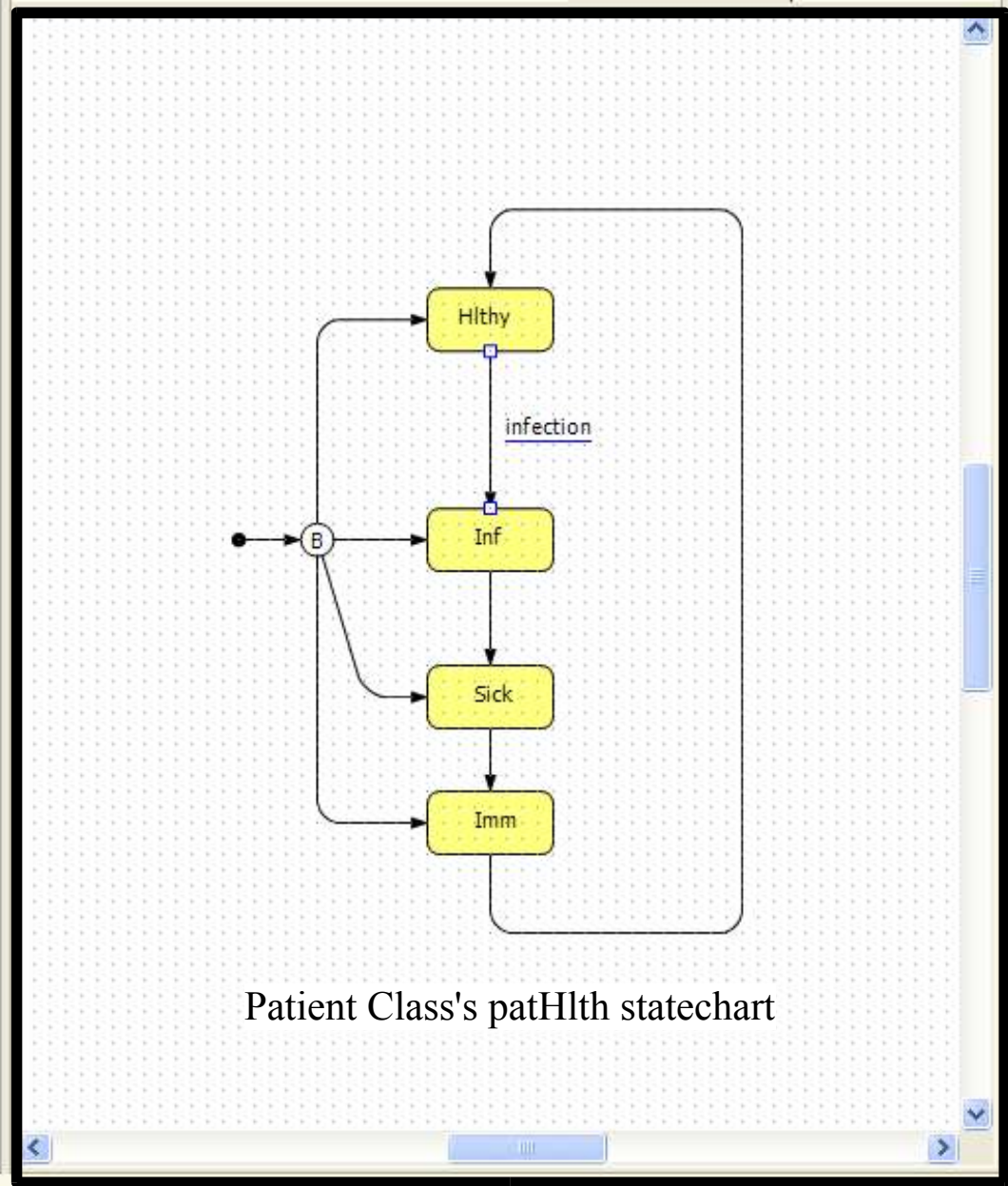
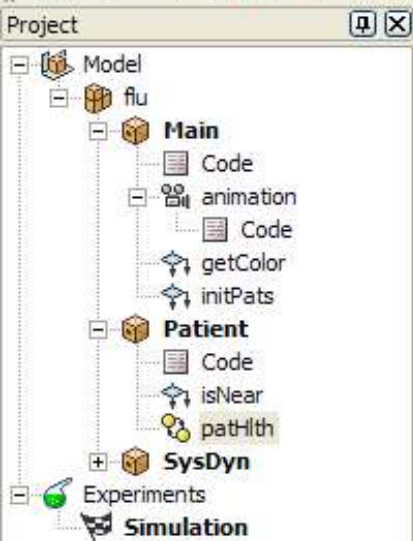
Name	Type
numPats	integer
envWidth	integer
envHeight	integer
avgInfTime	real
avgSickTime	real
avgImmTime	real
infContact	real
sickContact	real
contactRate	real
infChance	real

Exclude from build

Show name

Show object rectangle

Public (exported from library)



Patient Class's patHlth statechart

Properties

General | Description

Name:

Fire:

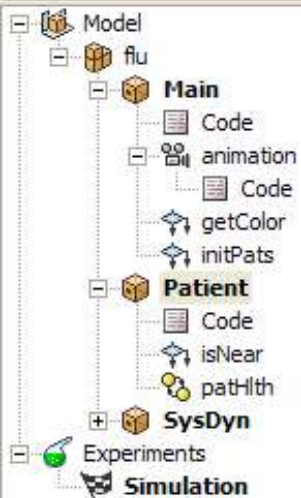
Signal event
"infection"
Guard

Action
`main.numHlthy = main.numHlthy - 1;;`
`main.numInf = main.numInf + 1;`
`main.setModified();`

Exclude from build
 Show name

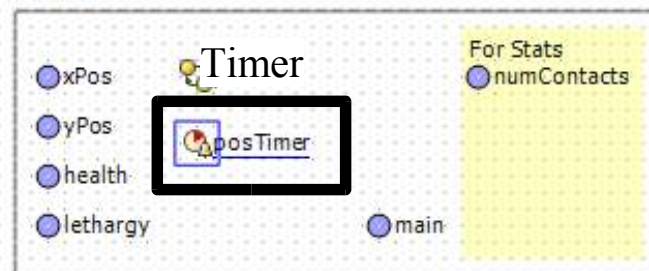


Project



Main | Main | SysDyn | Main | Patient | Patient.patHlth

Patient



Properties

General | Description

Name:

posTimer

 No expiry (manual mode) Expire once Cyclic Expire at startup

Timeout:

exponential(1/lethargy)

Expiry action

```
//Define 'Up', 'Left', 'Right', 'Down'
int width = main.envWidth;
int height = main.envHeight;
double up = yPos - 1;
if (up < 1) {
    up = height;
    //up = yPos;
}
double down = yPos + 1;
if (down > height) {
    down = 1;
    //down = yPos;
}
double left = xPos - 1;
if (left < 1) {
    left = width;
    //left = xPos;
}
double right = (xPos + 1);
```

Timer Expiry Code

 Exclude from build Show name

Output

Draws a new initial state pointer



Project

- Model
 - flu
 - Main
 - Code
 - animation
 - Code
 - getColor
 - initPats
 - Patient
 - Code
 - isNear
 - patHlth
 - SysDyn
 - Code

Experiments

- Simulation

Experiment

Main | Main | SysDyn | Main | Patient | Patient.patHlth

SysDyn

- numHlthy
- numInf
- numSick
- numImm
- activRate
- infRate
- incubRate
- cureRate
- numContag
- perContag
- main
- statsTimer

Properties

General | Additional

Name: Simulation

Root object: flu.Main

Simulation speed

- Virtual time mode (fastest speed)
- Real time mode (specified speed)

Model time units per second: 1

Parameters

Name	Value
numPats	200
envWidth	35
envHeight	35
avgInfTime	4
avgSickTime	2
avgImmTime	26
infContact	1
sickContact	1
contactRate	15
infChance	0.25



Animation Toolbar



Main Main Main Patient.patHlth SysDyn Patient

Properties

Graphics | Description

Name: rectangle1

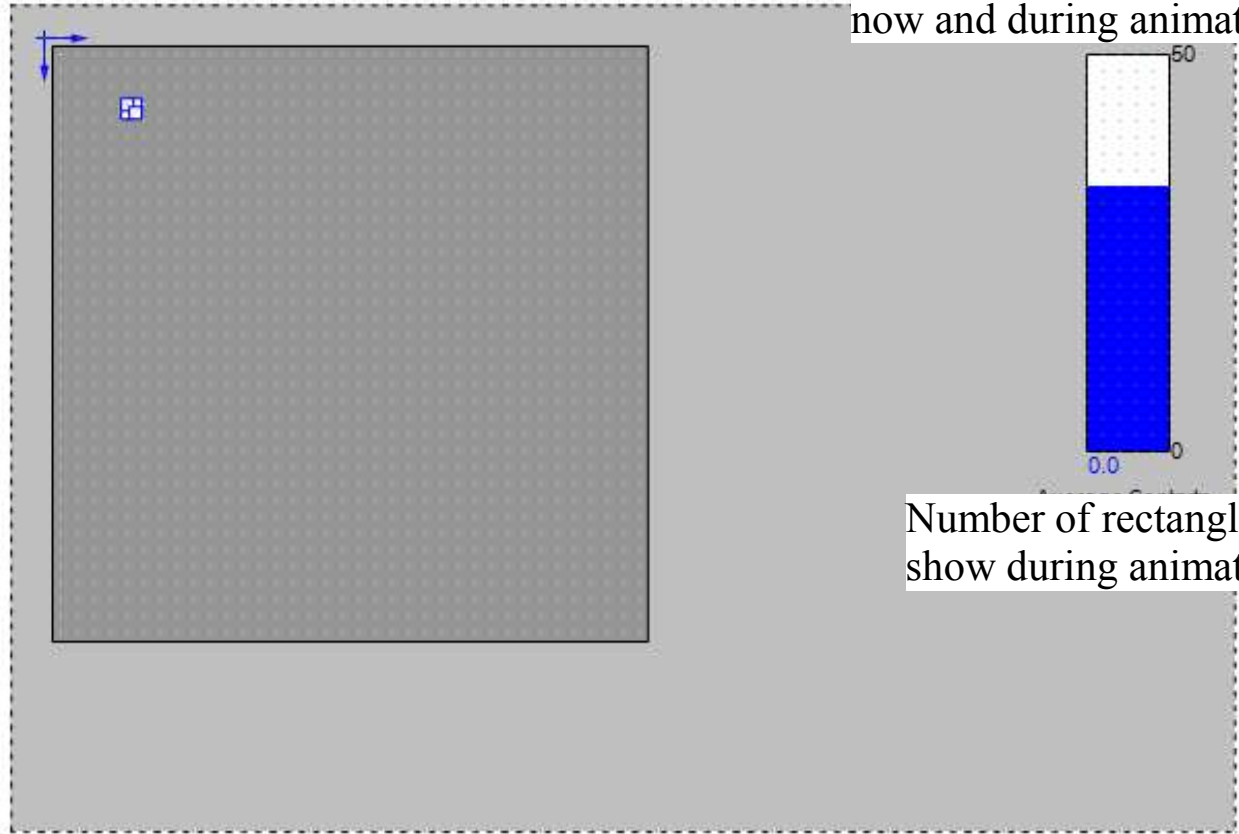
X:	50	pats.item(index).xPo
Y:	40	pats.item(index).yPo
Rotation:	0 deg	rad
Width:	5	
Height:	5	
Fill color:	[Red color swatch]	getColor(pats.item(in
Line color:	[Black color swatch]	
Line width:	1	

Visible: []

Replication: pats.size()

Lock aspect ratio
 Show name
 Exclude from build

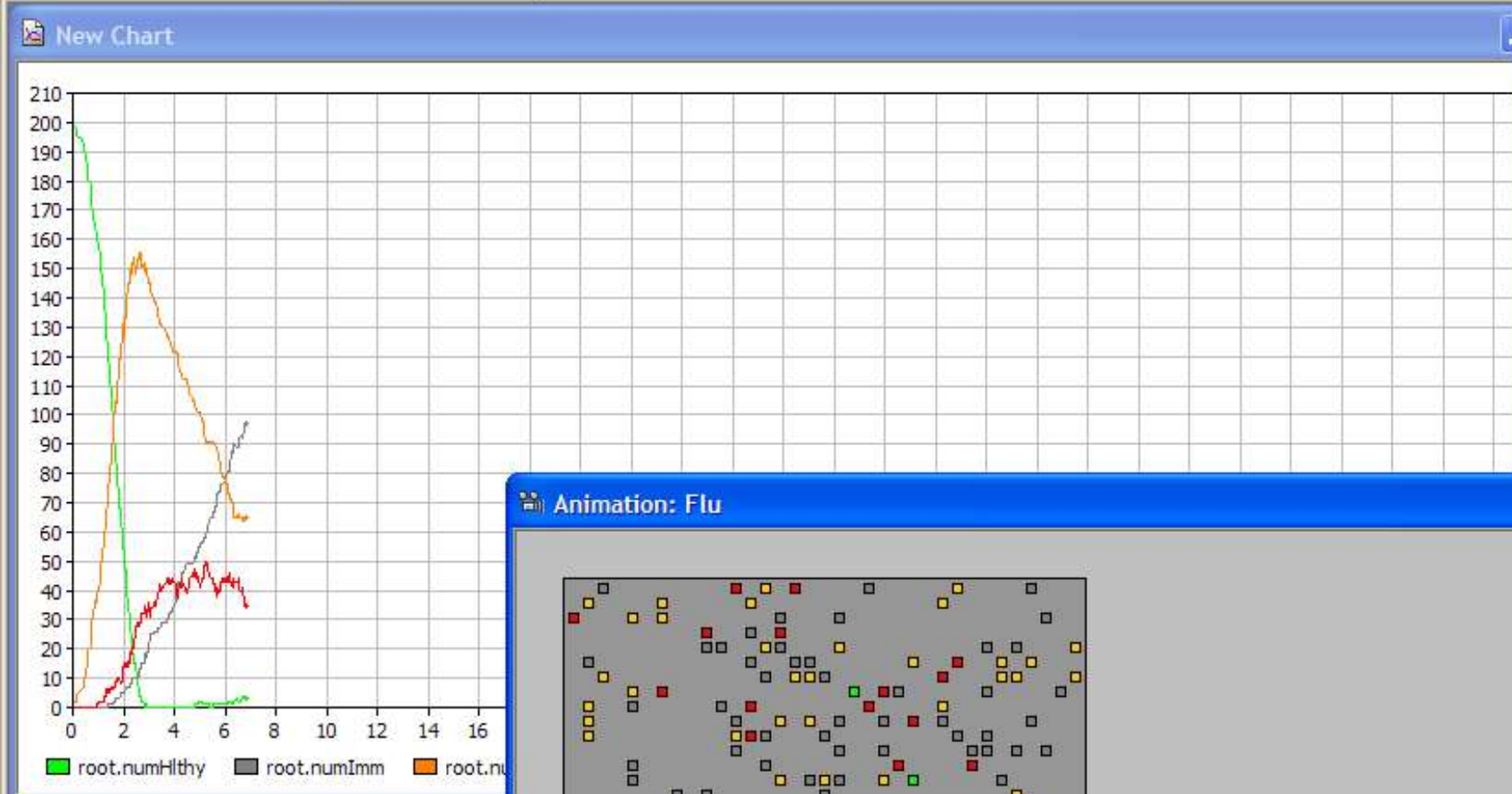
Position, Color of rectangle now and during animation



Number of rectangles to show during animation

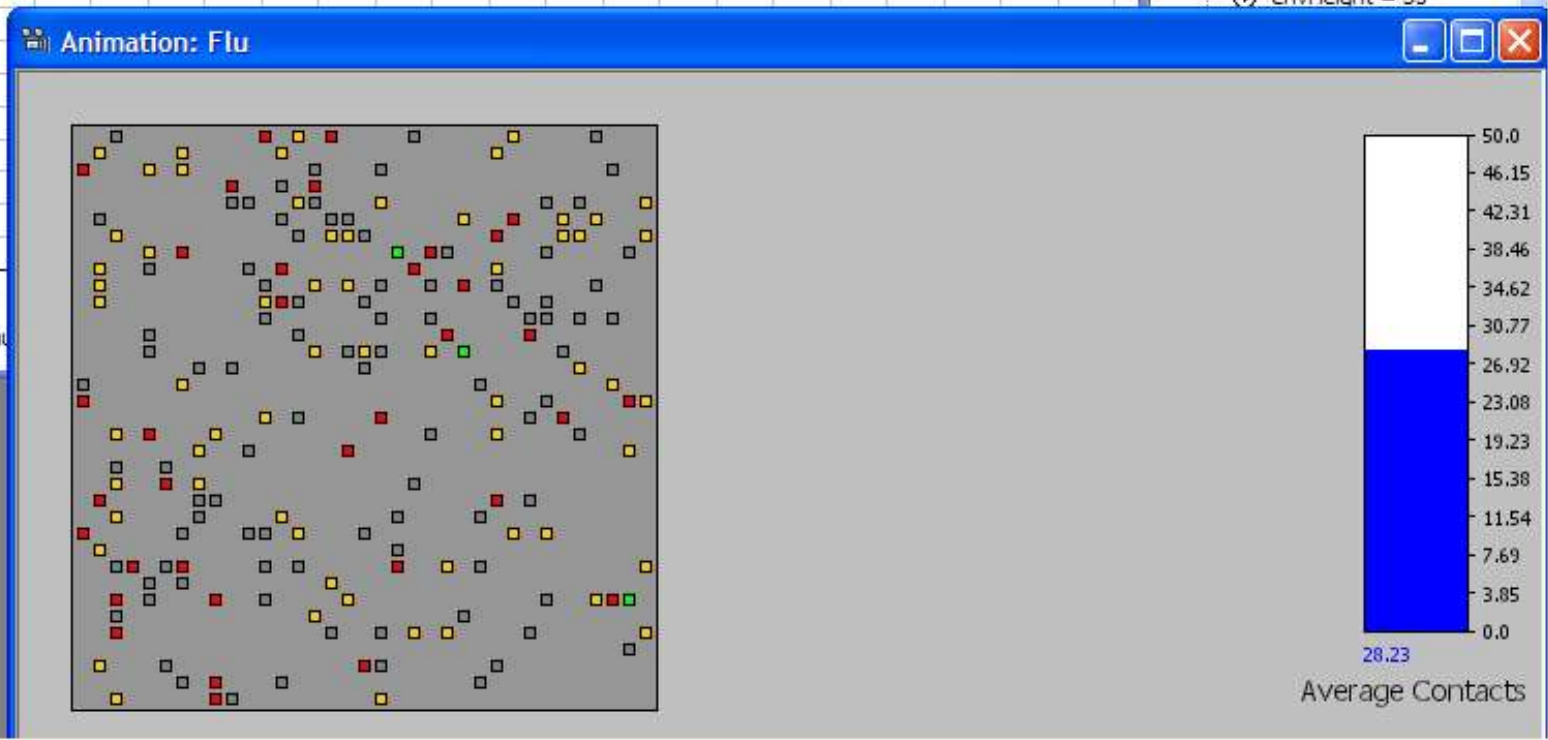
File Edit View Insert Draw Model Tools Window Help

root | root | New Chart | Animation: Flu



root

- root
 - +
 - +
 - ▼ avgContacts = 28.23
 - ▼ numHlthy = 3.0
 - ▼ numImm = 97.0
 - ▼ numInf = 65.0
 - ▼ numSick = 35.0
 - ▼ perContag = 0.61
 - ⌚ avgImmTime = 26.0
 - ⌚ avgInfTime = 4.0
 - ⌚ avgSickTime = 2.0
 - ⌚ contactRate = 15.0
 - ⌚ envHeight = 35



Introduction to AnyLogic

Demonstration

Basic Usage of AnyLogic

1. Create structure diagrams for classes
2. (Optional) Create statecharts for classes
3. (Optional) Create animations for classes
4. Create an experiment
5. Build project and run experiment

AnyLogic Features

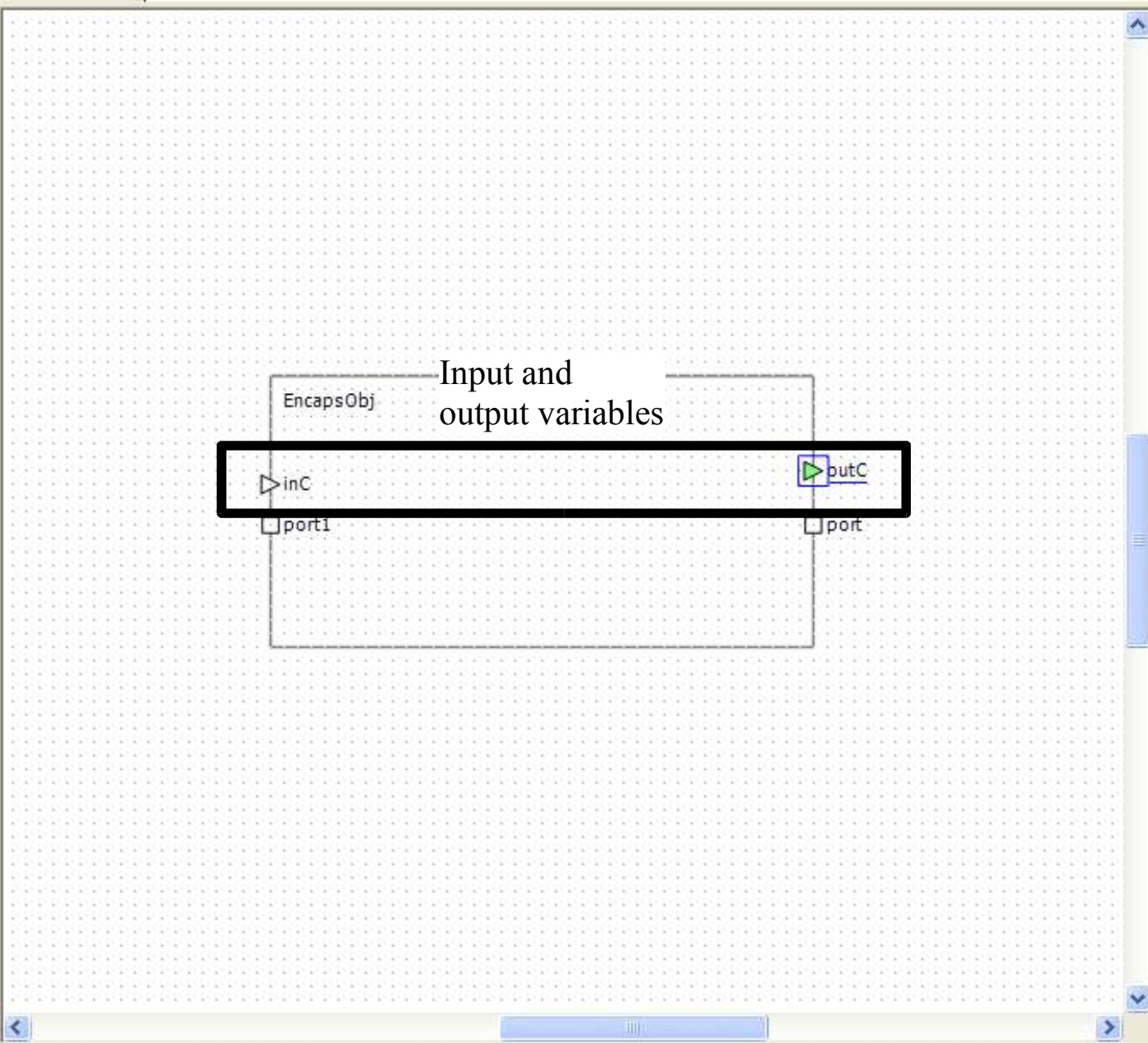
- Manuals, Tutorials, and Examples
 - General AnyLogic User Manual
 - Library usage tutorials
 - Agent-based modeling tutorial
 - System Dynamics tutorial
 - Class Reference API
 - Examples
 - [Agent-based modeling](#)
 - [Business](#)
 - [Ecosystem Dynamics](#)
 - [Pedestrian Dynamics](#)
 - [Traffic](#)
 - [etc.](#)

AnyLogic Features

- Structure Diagrams
 - Variables can be real, integer, or boolean; Parameters can be of any Java class
 - Parameter propagation, variable linking
 - Ports send message objects between active objects
 - An object's `setModified()` function specifies that it has been altered
- Simulations
 - Virtual Time Mode, Real Time Mode (Choice of mode may result in different output)
 - 3D animation available



EncapsObj Main Main.statechart



Properties

General | Description

Name:

--Variable type

Scalar

Matrix Rows: Columns:

Array

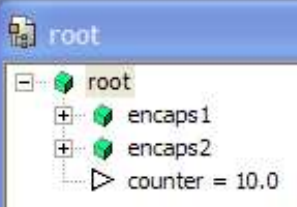
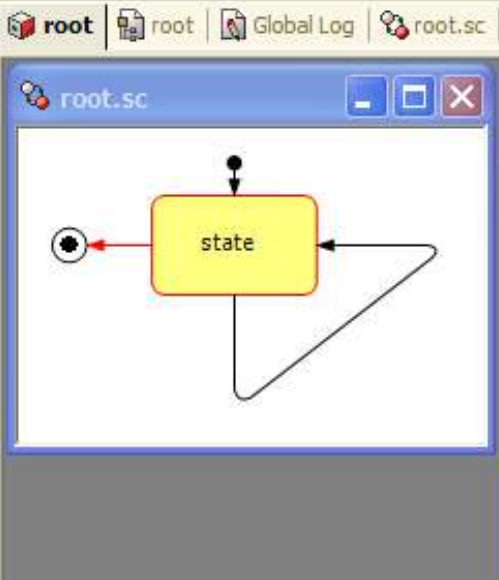
Direction:

--Equation

Form:

Initial value:

Exclude from build
 Show name
 Auto collect dataset

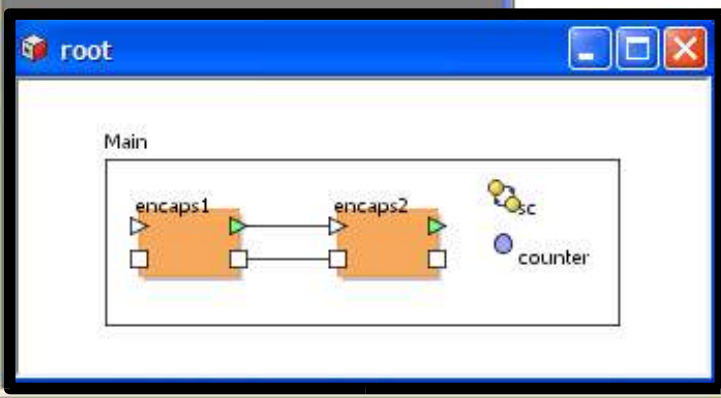


```

Global Log
Hello World!
Encaps1.outC = 1
Encaps2.inC = 0
Hello World!
Encaps1.outC = 2
Encaps2.inC = 1
Hello World!
Encaps1.outC = 3
Encaps2.inC = 2
Hello World!
Encaps1.outC = 4
Encaps2.inC = 3
Hello World!
Encaps1.outC = 5
Encaps2.inC = 4
Hello World!
Encaps1.outC = 6
Encaps2.inC = 5
Hello World!
Encaps1.outC = 7
Encaps2.inC = 6
Hello World!
Encaps1.outC = 8
Encaps2.inC = 7
Hello World!
Encaps1.outC = 9
Encaps2.inC = 8
Hello World!
Encaps1.outC = 10
Encaps2.inC = 9
    
```

Below: Linked variables and ports

Right: The result of linking variables (only encaps1.outC is incremented)



AnyLogic Features

- Statecharts
 - If guard condition is True, transition is taken
 - immediately
 - after specified timeout
 - on events
 - on 'change events' (boolean expression is True)
 - at specified rates
 - Inner transitions taken over outer transitions, unlike Statemate statechart semantics
 - History (deep, shallow), Conditional Branches
 - No orthogonal components
 - Classes may have more than one statechart

AnyLogic Features

- Code
 - Full API included (Help -> Class Reference)
 - Programming code is in Java
 - Array structures are replicated active objects
 - Get Item: `arr.item(index)`
 - Add Item: `setup_arr(obj, index)`
 - Delete Item: `dispose_arr(obj)`
 - Users can sample from probability distributions
 - `bernoulli(p, r)`
 - `binomial(n)`
 - `exponential(lambda)`
 - `cauchy(lambda, theta)`
 - etc.

AnyLogic Features

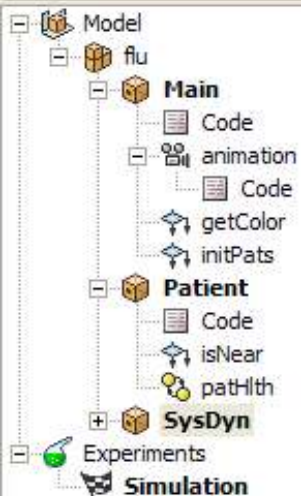
- Users can instantiate encapsulated objects
 - Create Object: `setup_myObj(myObj)`
 - Destroy Object: `dispose_myObj(myObj)`, and then `unregister(myObj)`
- Users can control active object creation
 - Constructors
 - `onCreate()`, before statechart initialized, define in “Additional Class code”
 - “Startup Code”
- Users can control active object destruction
 - `cleanup()`, define in “Additional class code”
 - `onDestroy()`, after all structure diagram elements destroyed, destroy manually created encapsulated objects

AnyLogic Features

- Users can observe and control running system
 - Start New Thread: `startThread()`
 - Get Current Simulation Time: `getTime()`
- Users can run systems outside of AnyLogic
 - `java -classpath xjanylogic5engine.jar; myLib.jar;...myLibN.jar; package.root`
 - Use AnyLogic to generate Java applet
- Miscellaneous
 - Automatically handles algebraic loops in structure diagrams
 - Has support for matrices/arrays, lookup tables, enumerations, system dynamics/diff. equations
 - Can generate HTML reports of models

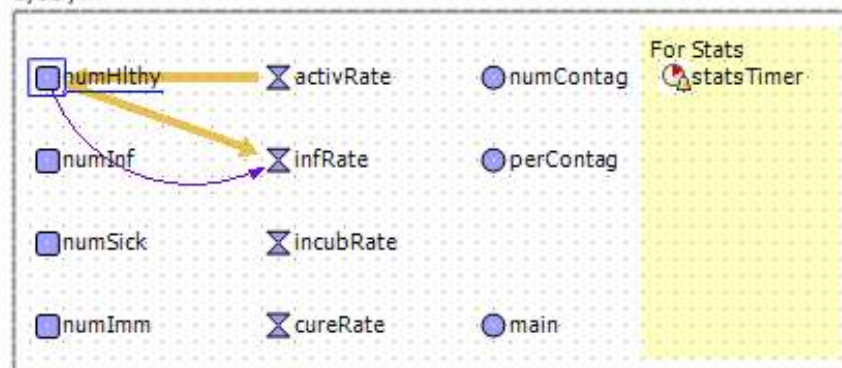


Project



Main SysDyn Main Patient Patient.patHlth

SysDyn



Properties

General Description

Name: numHlthy

Variable type

 Scalar real

 Matrix Rows:

Columns:

 Array Dimensions

Direction

Variables defined using
Differential Equations

Equation

Form: Integral or Stock f_x

```
d(numHlthy)/dt =
- infRate + activRate
Initial value:
main.numHlthy
```

 Exclude from build

 Show name

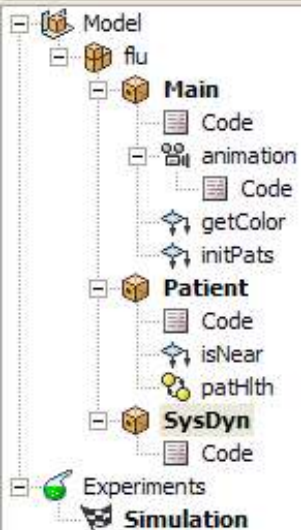
 Auto collect dataset

Output

Decreases model speed



Project



[Import

Implements interfaces

Startup code

Synchronized Equations

Equations

```

perContag = numContag / main.numPats
infRate = floor(numHlthy * contactRate * perContag * infChance)
activRate = floor(numImm / avgImmTime)
cureRate = floor(numSick / avgSickTime)
incubRate = floor(numInf / avgInfTime)
numContag = numInf + numSick
d(numImm)/dt = - activRate + cureRate
d(numSick)/dt = - cureRate + incubRate
d(numInf)/dt = - incubRate + infRate
d(numHlthy)/dt = - infRate + activRate

```

Additional class code

Properties

General | Image | Description

Class name: SysDyn

Base class:

Parameters:

Name	Type
avgInfTime	real
avgSickTime	real
avgImmTime	real
contactRate	real
infChance	real

 Exclude from build Show name Show object rectangle Public (exported from library)

Picture	
ChartTimer	statsTimer
Timeout	0.25
Expire At Startup	No
Expiry Action	<pre>println(numHlthy + "\t" + numInf + "\t" + numSick + "\t" + numImm); //newFunc();</pre>
ChartTimer	contactTimer
Timeout	1.0
Expire At Startup	No
Expiry Action	<pre>int sumContacts = 0; for (int x = 0; x < numPats; x++) { sumContacts = sumContacts + pats.item(x).numContacts; pats.item(x).numContacts = 0; } avgContacts = ((double) sumContacts) / numPats; perContag = ((double) (numInf + numSick)) / numPats; double time = getTime(); /*if ((numHlthy == numPats) && (time >= 8) && (time <= 9)) { pats.item(0).health = 1;</pre>

Example of Generated Report

Example: Answering Machine

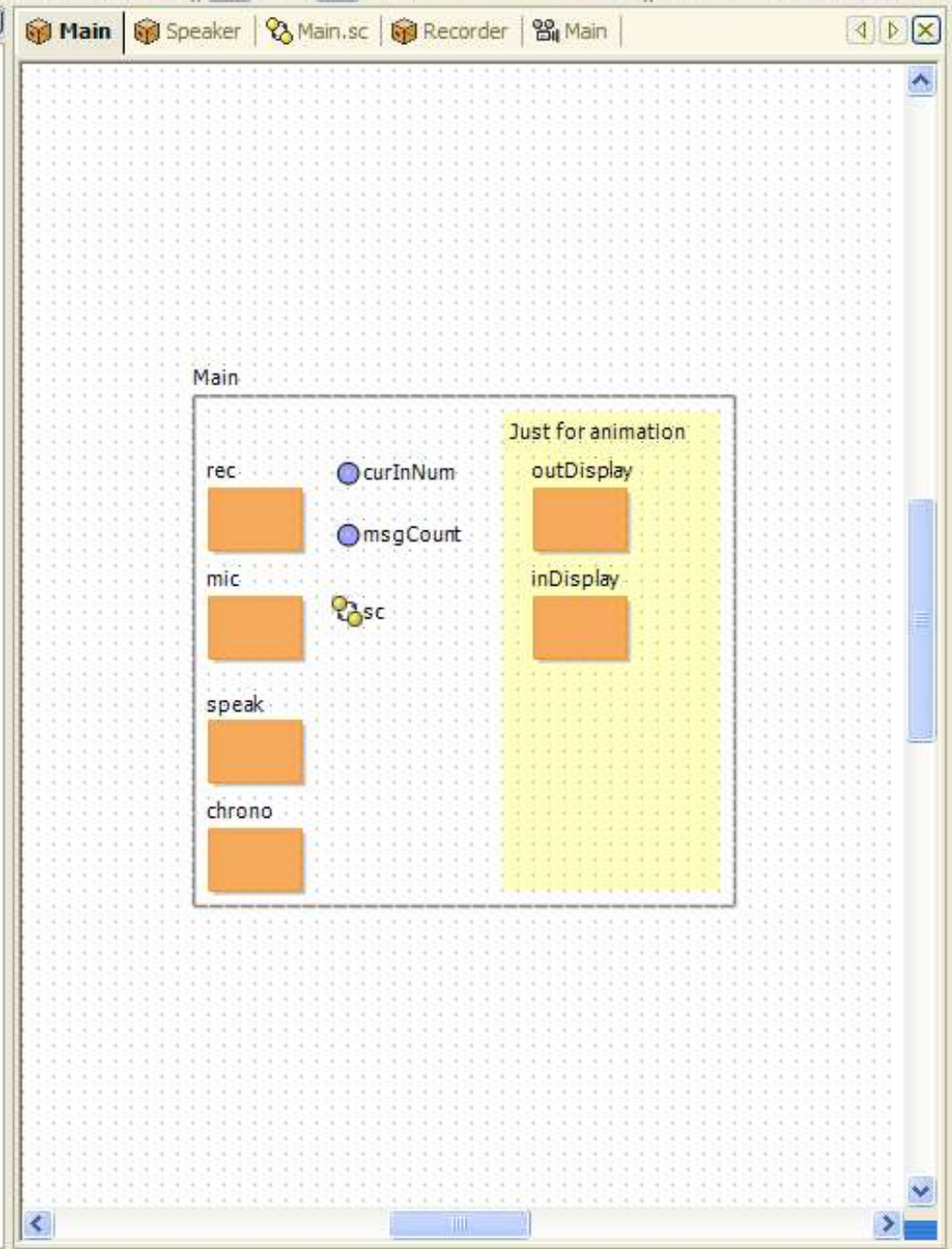
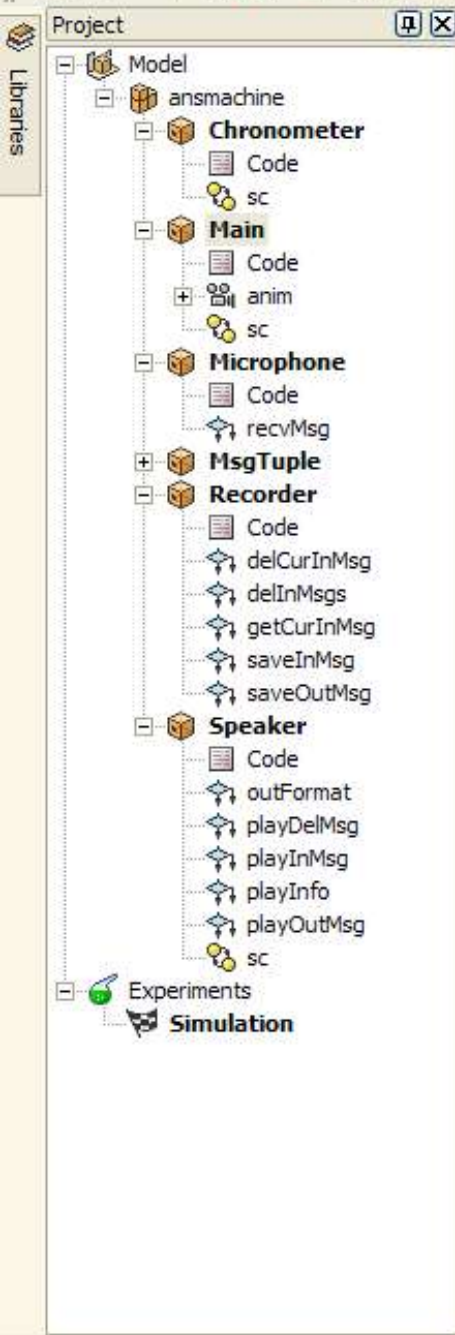
- Use-Cases
 - Record incoming message
 - Play
 - outgoing message
 - currently-selected saved message
 - all saved messages
 - Delete
 - currently-selected saved message
 - all saved messages
 - Create new outgoing message
 - Change current message selection
 - up (+1)
 - down (-1)

Example: Answering Machine

- Classes with statecharts
 - Chronometer
 - Tracks lengths of messages as user “speaks” into microphone
 - Main
 - Contains one instance each of Chronometer, Microphone, Recorder, Speaker
 - Contains “curlNum”, current message index
 - Contains “msgCount”, number of saved messages
 - Contains animated GUI of answering machine
 - Speaker
 - Plays outgoing message
 - Plays incoming messages
 - Plays informational messages

Example: Answering Machine

- Classes without statecharts
 - Microphone
 - Receives incoming messages
 - MsgTuple
 - Contains string data “text”
 - Contains integer data “length”
 - Recorder
 - Saves message data
 - Discards data if “blankTape” is less than message length



Properties

General | Image | Description

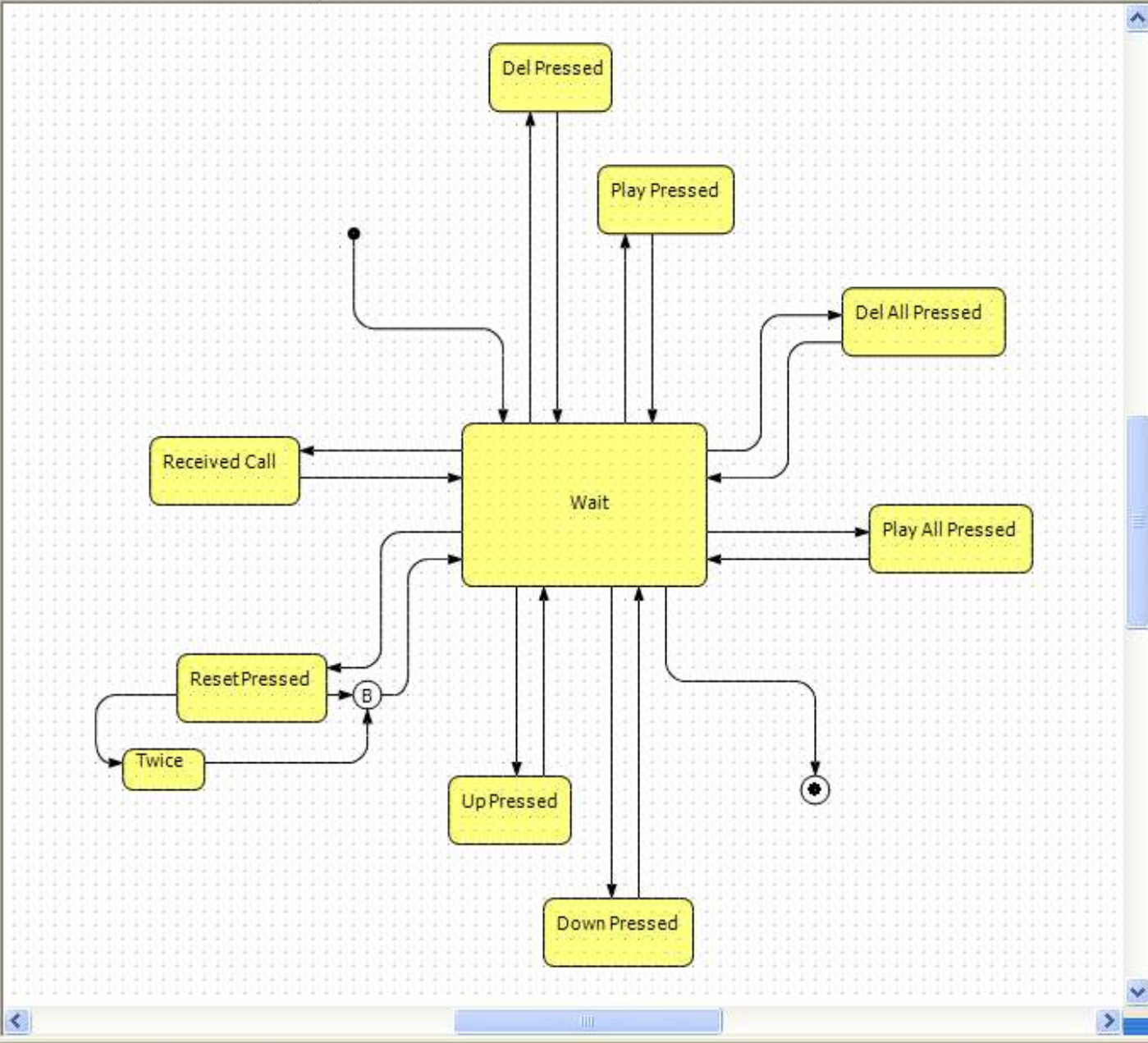
Class name: Main

Base class:

Parameters:

Name	Type

Exclude from build
 Show name
 Show object rectangle
 Public (exported from library)



Properties

General | Description

Name: sc

Deferred events

- After initialize action
- Before step action
- After step action
- Node action

Exclude from build

Show name

Example: Answering Machine

Demonstration

Personal Experiences using AnyLogic

- Ease of Use
 - Easy to make simple systems; fairly intuitive
 - Slight learning curve for making animations, GUI
 - Switching between Java and Math can be a little awkward
- Extent of Model-Driven Design
 - Functions in “Extra code” sections of classes don't show in Project Window
- Stability of AnyLogic
 - Some crashes during animation runs

Conclusion

- XJ Technologies AnyLogic
 - has
 - plenty of examples in many different kinds of domains
 - the ability to generate Java applets of systems
 - powerful tools for creating system animations/GUI
 - animated statecharts and structure diagrams, “animated” variables
 - 3D animation capabilities
 - the ability to interface with databases
 - but lacks
 - the ability to run active objects as different threads
 - language agnosticism
 - statechart support for orthogonal components
 - more complete implementation of statechart formalism (for analysis purposes)

References

XJ Technologies. "User's Manual." 2005.

XJ Technologies. "Agent-Based Modeling Tutorial." 2005.

XJ Technologies. "AnyLogic 5.3 Class Reference."